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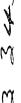
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ABSTRACT

As part of a larger study, data concerning enrollment trends in Indiana high schools, colleges, and war wersities are examined, and the Indiana college attendance rate and scores on the College Board Scholastic Aptitude Test are compared with those of cther midwestern states and with national averages. Additionally, the levels of education attained by Indiana adults are compared with those of other states, and with national averages. Population trends of the state and nation are compared, and Indiana's population is projected up to the year 2000. Information was obtained from public, private, and proprietary institutions authorized to offer degree/credit programs. Information was obtained on enrollees (beginners) as follows: (1) those who graduated from Indiana high schools in December 1978 or by June of 1979; (2) those who graduated from Indiana high schools in any year previous to 1978-79; and (3) those who came from any source other than Indiana high schools (e.g., cut-of-state or foreign students). A summary of the findings, and statistical data, charts, and graphs are included. Among the findings were that 83 percent of new enrollees came from Indiana and that the on-going college attendance rate in 1979-80 for Indiana's high school class of 1978-79 was 45.9 percent. (SW)













POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION IN INDIANA ENROLLMENTS AND EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENTS PART I OF A 4-PART STUDY



CONDUCTED FOR THE INDIANA CONFERENCE OF HIGHER EDUCATION

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PREFACE

This report is about postsecondary education in Indiana; it is the first part of a four part study. It contains data concerning past, present, and future enrollments in Indiana high schools, colleges and universities as well as population data for this state and the Nation.

The Indiana "college attendance rate" (i.e., the proportion of high school graduates who continue their education) is compared with other Midwestern states and National averages--as are their College Board Scholastic Aptitude Test results.

Finally, the levels of education attained by Indiana adults are compared with those of other states' and National averages.

Because all parts of this study are closely interrelated, the major recommendations will be presented in Part Four.

<u>ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS</u>

Grateful acknowledgement and appreciation is expressed to the following persons for their cooperation, advice, provision of data, and other assistance. This study could not have been done without their help.

INDIANA CONFERENCE OF HIGHER EDUCATION Steering Committee

Louis C. Gatto, President of the Conference, Chairman of the Steering Committee and President of Marian College, Indianapolis Rev. Charles Banet, President of Saint Joseph's College in Rensselaer Raymond S. Butler, Executive Secretary of the Conference Nelson M. Parkhurst. Registrar of Purdue University (Ret.)

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Special thanks go to Li Studies for helping to pro manuscript and tables an

rill of Purdue's Office of . tvey, compile the dat e the report.

J. P. Lisack, Professor of Technology and Director, Office of Manpower Studies

EXORDIUM

It is hoped that this report will stimulate readers to take constructive actions. It should be read in the context of continuing commentary on developments within higher education in Indiana. In this regard, commentary should seek to rely on facts, to discuss problems in constructive ways, to avoid apocalyptic judgements, to give a sense of assurance that what was being done was worth doing and had a future...to state higher education was not a helpless victim of forces beyond its control, to set a civil tone for argument, to hold out some hopes and set forth many possibilities for actions, and to fortify the sense of purpose of higher education.

Based on Dr. Clark Kerr's introductory chapter in the book "The Carnegie Council on Poli Studies in Higher Education: A Summary of Reports and Recommendations," Jossey-Bass Publisher, San Francisco, California (as reported in the 29 September 1980 issue of The Chronicle of Higher Education).

J. P. Lisack



SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

(Arranged in the Order of Presentation in the Report)

IT HAS BEEN SHOWN IN THIS REPORT THAT OF

- NEW (BEGINNER) ENROLLEES IN COLLEGES & UNIVERSITIES IN INDIANA IN 1979-80,
 - ♦ A total of 90,253 new enrollees were admitted into colleges and universities in Indiana in 1979-80.
 - ♦ 83% were graduates from Indiana high schools (36% graduated from last year's class, i.e., '78-79, and 47% had graduated in earlier years), and
 - ♦ 17% were from out-of-state.
 - Of the total new enrollees--
 - ♦ Sixty percent (>53,800) were admitted into public universities (32% were on main campuses and 28% were on regional campuses).
 - ♦ Twenty-one percent (18,800) were enrolled in Indiana Vocational Technical College (IVTC) programs,
 - ♦ Fourteen percent (~12,900) were enrolled in private colleges & universities, and
 - ♦ Five percent (~4,750) were enrolled in proprietary instituions offering State approved college credit programs.
 - ♦ Of the 32,000 last year's Indiana high school graduates who continued their education in Indiana, 66% enrolled in public universities, 10% enrolled in IVTC, 17% enrolled in private colleges & universities and 7% enrolled in proprietary institutions offering State authorized college credit programs.
 - ♦ Of the 42,400 new college enrollees who graduated from Indiana high schools in earlier years, again 66% enrolled in public universities, 26% enrolled in IVTC, only 3% enrolled in private colleges & universities and 5% were in proprietary schools.
 - ♦ Of the 15,800 new enrollees who came to Indiana institutions from out-of-state, 30% enrolled in public universities, 28% in IVTC, 39% enrolled in private colleges & universities and only 3% were in proprietary schools.
 - ♦ The distribution of new college enrollees in 1979-80 varied significantly within each type of institution--
 - ♦ Of all the raw enrollees in public universities—on main campuses. 53% were graduates of Indiana's last year's high school class and 33% were Indiana graduates from previous years: 14% came from out—of—state.
 - ◇ In public universities' regional campuses, 24% of all new enrollees were from Indiana's last year's high school class and 73% were Indiana graduates from previous years: only 3% came from out-of-state.
 - ♦ In IVTC, 18% of all new enrollees were graduates from Indiana's last year's high school class, 59% were Indiana graduates from previous years, and nearly 23% came from out-of-state.



AThe distribution of new enrollees in all private colleges and universities in Indiana included 42% from Indiana's last year's high school graduating class and 10% from earlier years' classes: 48% came from out-of-state.

△Selected proprietary postsecondary institutions reported 46% of their new enrollees came from last year's Indiana high school class and 42% from earlier years. Only 12% came from out-of-state.

NOTE: Details of new enrollees for each institution are presented in the report.

- COLLEGE ATTENDANCE RATES AND EDUCATIONAL ACHIEVEMENT LEVELS
 - The on-going college attendance rate in 1979-80 for Indiana's high school Class of 1978-79 (both public and private) was 46.8% (derived in this study).
 - The on-going college attendance rates as reported by Indiana's Department of Public Instruction for Indiana's public high school Class of 1977-78 was 43.9%, and it was 44.9% for the Class of 1978-79. The college attendance rate for the Class of 1978-79 for both public and private high schools was reported as 45.9%.
 - ♦ The College Board (ATP) has estimated that in 1977 college attendance rates were 43% for Indiana, 48% for the Midwestern Region, and 50% for the Nation. (One other state had the same rate as Indiana, and six states had lower rates.) It is important to note that the College Board data included full-time students only, and the Indiana study included all new enrollees.
 - ♦ Although the college attendance rates data of Indiana and the Nation are not directly comparable (data gathering techniques and definitions varied and time-frames differed), the available evidence strongly indicates that:

 ΔIndiana's high school graduate college attendance rate may be approximately 3 to 4 percent lower than the National rate of 50%, and about 2 percent lower than the Midwestern Regional rate of 48%.
 - Proportionately more of Indiana's adults (>18 years) had completed four years of high school than either the North Central Region or National averages (42% for Indiana vs. 40% and 36% respectively). The median school years completed was approximately the same (12.4 for Indiana vs. 12.5 years regionally and Nationally.

 △The proportion of Indiana adults who have completed one or more years of college is about 2% below the North Central Region and 5 below the National averages.
 - △NOTE: This supports the earlier finding that Indiana's high school graduates' college attendance rates are probably a few percentage points below both Regional and National rates.



POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

- Nationally--Past
 - ♦ During the 50's & 60's public and private school enrollments increased by two-thirds, and
 - ♦ Registration doubled on college campuses between 1960 and 1970. However,
 - ♦ The birth rate began to drop in the 60's and elementary school enrollments dropped about 11% in the 70's. Also,
 - ♦ The numbers of high school students which had been rising for more than 20 years began to decline by 1980. Admissions to colleges and universities of the last year's high school graduates also passed its high point by 1980.

Nationally--Future Decade

- ♦ The total population will approach the 250 million mark by 1990 (roughly a 10% increase in ten years).
- ♦ There will be many more people in their "prime" working years (30-45) and more people over 65. However,
- ♦ There will be proportionately fewer young adults and children.
- ♦ Total high school enrollments will continue to decline through the 80's (from ∿14.3 million in 1980 to 11.7 million by 1990). High school seniors will drop from ∿3.6 million to 2.7 million by 1990.

♦ Indiana Population

- ♦ The State's population will grow to over six million by the year 2000 (from 5.4 million in 1983).
- ♦ There will be a decrease in absolute numbers in all of the younger age groups (under 25).
- ♦ There will be an increase in the numbers of people 25 years and older.
- ♦ The decline in the 0-4 age group will continue into the early 80's, will then grow slightly until 1990-95, after which time it will fall again; the 5-9 age group will follow this pattern, but five years later.
- ♦ The 10-14 age group will decline until about 1990 and will pick up slightly by 1995, and the 15-19 group will follow this pattern, but five years later.
- ♦ The 20-24 group population peaked in 1980 and will drop steadily in 1995, then recover slightly by the year 2000, the 25-29 group peaks in 1985 then also drops off.
- ♦ The 30 to 34 group grows to 1990, then trails off and the 35-39 group follows the same pattern, but five years later.
- ♦ Broadly speaking all of the older age groups will increase to the year 2000.



♦ Indiana High Schools

Δ12th grade enrollments and numbers of public high school graduates reached their highest point in 1976-77, dropped in 1977-78 and recovered slightly in 1978-79. A significant downtrend has begun (e.g., a decline of 1,571 graduates between the Classes of 1978-79 and 1979-80: this will be followed by a decline of nearly 1,400 between 1979-80 and 1980-81). Exceptionally large declines are expected in 1982-83 (>4,000) and in 1983-84 (>5,000). The drop in Indiana high school graduates is projected to continue until 1986-87 when a modest reversal occurs for three years. This is followed by another sharp drop of more than 4,000 high school graduates in the Class of 1989-90.

∆The pattern of nonpublic high school graduates is somewhat erratic, but also is in a general downtrend.

SENROLLMENT IN COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES IN INDIANA

- There has been a steady growth in total undergraduate enrollment during the past 20 years from 69,611 to 182,186. An increase of more than 100,000 students was enjoyed by the public colleges and universities; enrollments in private institutions increased less than 11,500 (from 31,260 to 42,692) during this period.
- There was a parallel undergraduate college enrollment growth of both men and women from 1959-60 until 1971-72, with about 24,000 more men enrolled than women. Since 1972, however, the enrollment of women has increased faster than men, so that by 1979-80, there was a difference of fewer than 6,000 between the sexes (about 94,000 men and more than 88,150 women undergraduate students).
- Total undergraduate enrollment in colleges and universities reached its highest point to date in 1979-80 (161,767 students). The total enrollments of graduate, professional and others also reached a high point in 1979 (46,504).
- ₱1979 was also the largest enrollment year to date of college freshmen in Indiana (63,174).
- A steady decline of total undergraduate enrollment is projected from 1979 to 1987 (to 141,550). Also, a decline in college freshmen is projected to 1986 (to 52,128). A very modest increase is then expected to 1988, when another decline is projected.
- There has been a net gain in the migration of first-time college students (into Indiana). For the four separate points in time for which data are available, Indiana gained an average of nearly 4,000 students in 1958, 1963, and 1968. The net gain, however, dropped significantly in 1975 to slightly over 2,000: this was due to an increase of Indiana student out-migration from about four thousand in both 1963

COLLEGE BOARD ADMISSIONS TESTING PROGRAM (ATP)

NOTE: The Scholastic Aptitude Test (SAT) is part of this testing program; test results are used by many colleges and universities in their admissions procedures. There are also Preliminary SAT (FSAT) and National Merit Scholarship Qualification Tests (NMSQT) taken by high school juniors. Approximately one million high school students participate in the ATP.

- Student participation in the ATP varies widely among states because of different entrance requirements, college attendance patterns, scope of guidance programs, etc.
- SAT scores of Indiana high school seniors are consistently lower than the verbal and math score averages of other states in the Midwest as well as the National average, however, a much higher proportion of Indiana students takes these tests.

Accordingly, these variables make direct comparisons of test score data in detail very questionable.

- Although the proportion of Indiana high school juniors taking the PSAT/NMSQT is higher than the Midwestern states or National averages, the proportions are closer--and so are the test results. In fact, Indiana's PSAT scores are slightly higher in Math and nearly match the National Verbal test averages.
- An examination of the relationships between the proportions of rude to who take ATP tests and their scores, reveals the higher the proportion who take these tests, the lower the average scores attained. When these data are plotted, results indicate Indiana high school students average at least as well as other students in the Midwest or National averages.

In view of the foregoing, it appears that there is insufficient directly comparable evidence to conclude that Indiana high school students' College Board Test achievements are any lower than are those in other Midwestern States or the National averages.

NOTE: Recommendations concerning the findings in this report will be included in Part IV of the complete study.

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^{*}A series of four special reports will be issued as this project progresses. This publication is the first special report and pertains to postsecondary education enrollments and educational attainment levels.



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PART I ENROLLMENTS AND EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENTS

(First Part of a FOUR-PART STUDY)

CHAPTER I BACKGROUND, PURPOSE, AND DESCRIPTION OF REPORTS

A. BACKGROUND AND PURPOSE

It is a well-known fact that the numbers of high school seniors will be decreasing each year during the next decade, and the population age distribution will change significantly. There is a growing interest in the numbers of high school seniors who do (or do not) continue their education in some college, university or postsecondary institution and the reasons for their choices. Further, it is important to know the relative standing of Indiana with regard to current college attendance rates and projected enrollments, highest level educational attainments and related matters. Although eventually computer information systems will provide such data accurately and quickly in the future, these data are not conveniently available at the present time. Accordingly, this part of a four-part study is designed to obtain enrollments and information about the postsecondary educational situation in Indiana.

This report deals with the following questions:

At what rate do Indiana high school graduates continue their formal education in Indiana? How do these rates compare with other states and National averages?

What proportion of new enrollments (beginner students) in Indiana colleges and universities come from other sources (e.g., other states or countries)?

What can be said about the relative scholastic aptitude test achievements of Indiana high school students when compared with other states or National averages?

What are the highest levels of education attained by Indiana adult residents, and how do these compare with other Midwestern states and National averages?

What are the past, present, and projected enrollments in high schools and in colleges and universities in Indiana, including considerations of in- and out-migration?

What are the population projection implications on enrollments?



This report provides information and data addressing each of the questions above. These are necessary to ascertain the current situation as well for comparative purposes. In some cases they will provide base-lines for developing trends in the future.

This project was sponsored by the Indiana Conference of Higher Education and was funded by Lilly Endowment, Inc., with special support provided by Purdue University. A steering committee made up of Conference members guided project efforts. The Indiana Department of Public Instruction, the Indiana Commission for Postsecondary Proprietary Education, and all private and public colleges and universities in Indiana cooperated in this effort.

B. DESCRIPTION OF REPORTS

Essentially, this particular report concerns college attendance rates, enrollments in secondary and postsecondary education in Indiana, educational attainment of Indiana residents and related information. The results of a survey to determine new college student enrollment details presented in Chapter II; secondary school enrollments and the participation rates in postsecondary education are reported in Chapter III, as well as the relative standing of Indiana's citizens' educational attainments. Population projections to the year 2000 are shown in Chapter IV. The past, present and projected enrollments in colleges and universities in Indiana, including in- and out-student migration are shown in Chapter V.

Chapter VI presents information about Scholastic Aptitude Test results achieved by Indiana high school students. A summary of the highlights of this report is presented after the Title Page.

Future reports in this series will include:

The Characteristics, Educational and Occupational Plans and Occupational Choices of Indiana High School Seniors, Class of 1979-80;

The Characteristics, Attitudes and Plans of College Freshmen; and

Factors Bearing on Postsecondary Education in Indiana, and Related Recommendations.



CHAPTER II SURVEY OF NEW (BEGINNER) ENROLLEES IN COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES IN INDIANA

A. METHODOLOGY

In order to determine how many new (beginner) enrollees there were in degree-credit type postsecondary programs in Indiana, available data were examined but found to be incomplete and not in the form desired for this study. Therefore, it was decided to mail questionnaires to:

(1) All public colleges and universities (including the Indiana Vocational Technical College--called "Ivy Tech"),

2) All private colleges and universities, and

(3) Those proprietary institutions authorized by the Commission for Postsecondary Proprietary Education to offer degree-credit type programs.

The new (beginner) enrollees' data requested were separated into three groups as follows:

(1) Those who graduated from Indiana high schools* during the last academic year (i.e., in December 1978 plus January, May or June in 1979),

(2) Those who graduated from Indiana high schools in any

year previous to last year's class, and

(3) Those who came from any source other than Indiana high schools (e.g., out-of-state or foreign students).

NOTE: See Appendix A for sample copy of questionnaire used.

B. SURVEY MAIL-OUT AND RESPONSE

Surveys were mailed to the five major public universities (who reported enrollments for both their main and regional campuses), the Indiana Vocational Technical College's thirteen regional institutes, thirty-four private colleges and universities, and the twelve proprietary colleges and institutes authorized to offer degree programs. Mail-out responses are reported in Table 1. (See Attachment 1 for List of Survey Participants.



*Includes those earning diplomas through G.E.D. tests.



3

TABLE 1



SURVEY MAIL-OUT AND RESPONSE

	Institutions	Institutions	Percent
Type of Postsecondary Institutions	Surveyed	Responding	Response
PUBLIC UNIVERSITIES			
Main Campuses	5	5	100%
Regional (Branch) Campuses	15	15	100%
PUBLIC COLLEGE			
Indiana Vocational Technical			
College (13 Regions)	13	13	100%
PRIVATE COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES	34	34	100%
PROPRIETARY COLLEGES AND INSTITUTES:		1	
•			1000
Those With Single Campus Location	9 12=/	.9	100%
Those on Multiple Campuses	12-	1.2	100%

Includes one proprietary college with separate programs in seven different Indiana cities, one technical institute with programs in three cities, and one other proprietary college with programs in two cities.

As can be seen in Table 1, a 100% survey response was achieved. Although a number of the reporting institutions had to refer back to individual admission documents, and some (including Ivy Tech) had to reconstruct the specific enrollment data requested, it is believed that these data represent the most accurate count of new enrollees in postsecondary institutions in Indiana made to date. New student data reporting systems are being designed for computer processing at Ivy Tech and a few other institutions which should result in more accurate data in the future. (It is important to note that Ivy Tech's credit programs and only those selected proprietary colleges and institutes that were authorized to grant degree credit were included in the survey.)

C. SURVEY RESULTS

1. Distribution of Total New Enrollees from All Sources

Questionnaires were mailed to and completed by all public and private colleges and universities, as well as Ivy Tech and the eleven proprietary postsecondary institutions authorized to grant degree credit. Instructions made it clear that this was a survey to determine the numbers of new (beginner) enrollees, both resident and extension students, full time and part time for the academic year 1979-80.

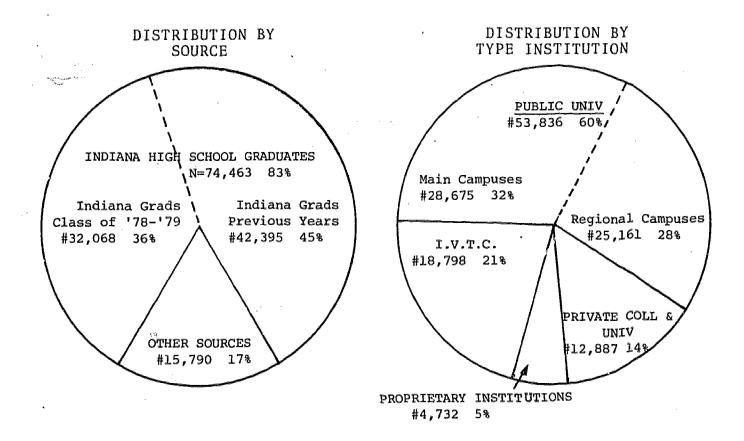
All told, there were 90,253 new (beginner) students reported in the responses. These were distributed as illustrated in Figure 1, with details shown in Table 2.



FIGURE 1

OF TOTAL NEW ENROLLEES FROM ALL SOURCES

N=90,253





5



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TABLE 2

NEW ENROLLES (BEGINNERS) IN INDIANA POSTSECONDARY INSTITUTIONS

1979-80

1979-80 (From All Sources)

			(17toll Not Soutes)				A11				
				Public		Private					
	į	A11		Universiti	es!	l	Colleges	Selected			
•		Indiana		Campuses	5		and	Proprietary			
		Institut.	Main	Regional	Total	IVTC	Univer.	Institutions			
Indiana H.Sc. Grads	-			231				,-i			
New Enrollees											
H.S. Class of '78-79	No.	32,068	15,110	6,055	21,165	3,345	5,369	2,189			
"n.3. Class of '/0"/9	Pct.	36%	53%	24%	39%	18%	42%	46%			
	No.	42,395	9,602	18,369	27,971	11,097	1,331	1,996			
Grad. Previous Years	Pct.	47%	33%	73%	5 2%	59%	10%	42%			
	No	74, 463	24,712	24,424	49,136	14,442	6,700	4,185			
TOTAL	No. Pct.	83%	86%	97%	49,130 91%	77%	52%	88%			
	101.	U 7/6	00%	2/6	710	//0	720	00%			
New Enrollees from	No.	15,790	3,963	737	4,700	4,356	6,187	547			
Out-of-State	Pct.	17%	14%	3%	9%	23%	48%	12%			
TOTAL NO. OF	No.	90,253	28,675	25,161	53,836	18,798	12,887	4,732			
NEW ENROLLEES	Pct.	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%			
							<u> </u>				
Percent of Total New								\{\rangle}			
Enrollees in All	Pct.	100%	32%	+ 28%	= 60%	21%	14%	<u>5%</u>			
Indiana							<u></u>				
Institutions											

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Includes only those authorized to award degree credit programs.

2. <u>Distribution Details of New Enrollees by Major Type of</u> Institution and by Source 1979-80



In the analyses of new (beginner) enrollee data, two of the principle ways to report and examine new enrollments in Indiana institutions are (1) distribution within each major type of institution—as shown in Table 3 and Figure 2—and (2) distribution by source (in-state, out-of-state) as shown in Table 4 and Figure 3. In other words, one can determine what proportions of new enrollees in particular colleges are (a) graduates from last year's Indiana high school class, (b) graduates from prior years' (Indiana) classes, and (c) one can ascertain how many came from other (outside) sources. In the second instance, one can examine only last year's Indiana high school graduates and determine what proportion enrolled in public universities, private colleges and universities, etc.

a. Distribution of New Enrollees by Type of Institution (See Figure 2 and Table 3.)

Public 'Iniversities As shown earlier, 60% of all new beginner students (53,836 out of 90,253) enrolled in public universities in 1979-80; most of these students (52% or nearly 28,000) had graduated from Indiana high schools in years prior to last year's graduating class. The large majority of these (older) students were enrolled primarily on the regional campuses. The opposite was true for graduates from last year's Indiana high school class where the large majority were enrolled on the public universities' main rather than regional campuses. Also, students from out-of-state were far more likely to enroll on main rather than regional campuses.

IVIC Nearly 60% (more than 11,000) of the new enrollees were Indiana high school graduates from years prior to last year's class. Apparently, Indiana high school graduates who have chosen to continue their education uninterruptedly opt to go to public university main campuses in preference to regional campuses or Ivy Tech.

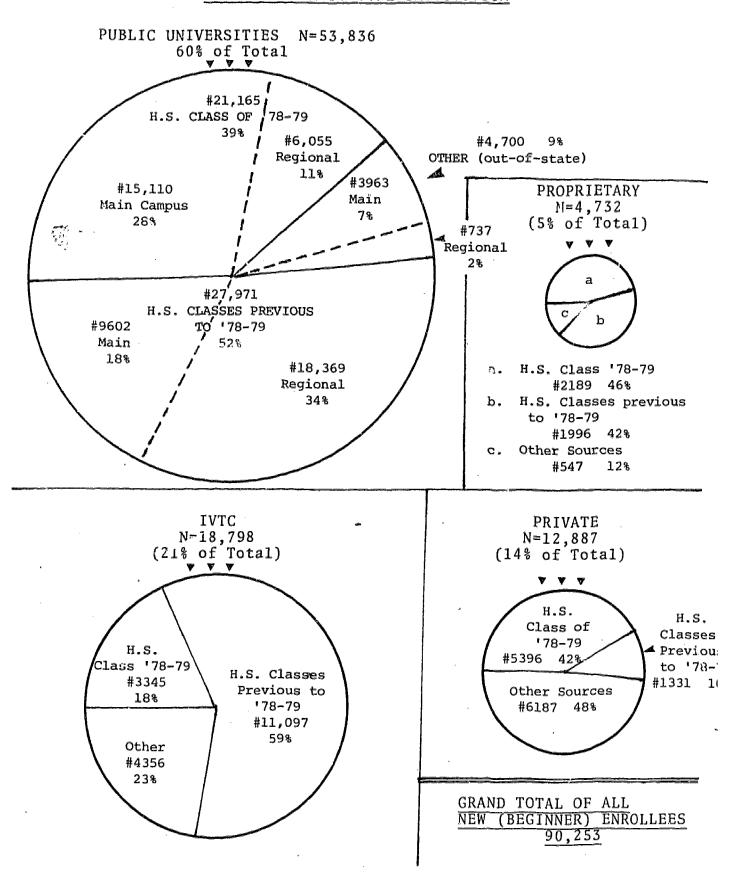
PRIVALE COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES In contrast to the public or proprietary postsecondary institutions, the largest proportion (48%) of all new enrollees in private institutions come from out-of-state, followed by graduates from Indiana's last year's high school graduates (42%). Only ten percent of the new enrollment in private institutions comes from Indiana graduates of years previous to last year's graduates; clearly this older high school graduate source represents a relative target of opportunity for new admissions.

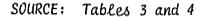
PROPRIETARY COLLEGES AND INSTITUTIONS The new enrollees at these institutions resembled the source pattern of main campuses at public universities: most came from last year's class of Indiana graduates (46%), followed by previous year's classes (42%), and about 12% came from out-of-state.



FIGURE 2

NEW COLLEGE ENROLLES IN COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES $\frac{\text{IN INDIANA}}{\text{DISTRIBUTION BY TYPE INSTITUTION}}$





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TABLE 3 NEW (BEGINNER) ENROLLEES IN COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES IN INDIANA, 1979-80

Distribution by Type Institution (Read horizontally)

4		No.	New Enrollees					
	-	Campuses	mpuses Indiana H.S. Grads Other		Other <u>e</u> /	Institution Totals		
Type of Institution	·	or Instit.	Class of 78-79	Years	Sources	By Type		
PUBLIC UNIVERSITIES Σ No. of Beginners Σ Percent	Σ	20	21,165 39%	27,971 52%	4,700 9%	53,836 100%		
Main Campuses No. of Beginners Percent Regional Campuses <u>b</u> /		5 15	15,110 53%	9,602 33%	3,963 14%	28,675 100%		
No. of Beginners Percent			6,055 24%	18,369 73%	737 3%	25,161 100%		
PUBLIC COLLEGE ^{C/} (IVTC) Σ No. of Beginners Σ Percent	Σ	<u>13</u>	3,345 18%	11,097 59%	4,356 23%	18,798 100%		
PRIVATE COLLEGES ε UNIVERSITIES Σ No. of Beginners Σ Percent		<u>34</u>	5,369 42%	1,331 10%	6,187 48%	12,887 100%		
PROPRIETARY COLLEGES ε INSTITUTIONS Σ No. of Beginners Σ Percent	Σ	21	2,189 46%	1 ₄ 996 42%	547 12%	4,732 100%		
Single Campus No. of Beginners Percent		9	475 30%	942 60%	149 10%	1,566 100%		
Multiple Campuses d/ No. of Beginners Percent		12	1,714 54%	1,054 34%	398 12%	3,166 100%		
GRAND TOTALS No. of Beginners Percent	Σ	88	32,068 3 6 %	42,395 47%	15,790 17%	90,253 100%		

a/Includes only those authorized to award degree credit programs.

b/Includes all of Indiana University/Purdue University, Indianapolis (IUPUI)

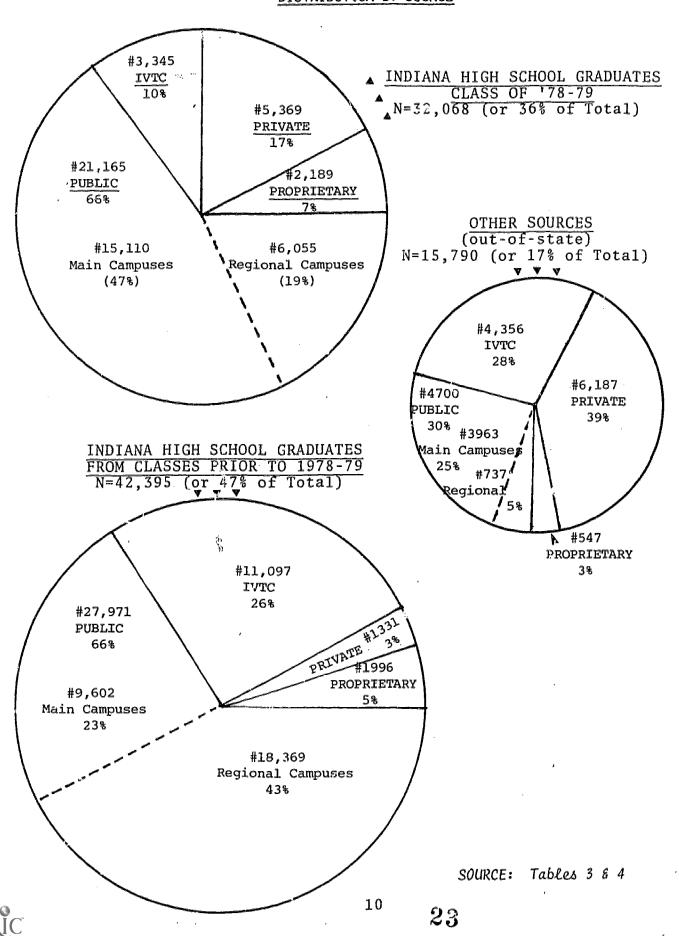
C/Because Ivy Tech's automated data system is not yet filly operational, some regional enrollments were estimated through calculations or extrapolations based on data from other regions and admission reports.

d/ Includes one proprietary college with separate programs in seven different Indiana cities, one technical institute with programs in three cities, and one other college with programs in two cities.

e out-of-state and foreign students.

FIGURE 3

NEW COLLEGE ENROLLES IN COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES IN INDIANA 1979-80 Σ =90,253 DISTRIBUTION BY SOURCE



b. Distribution of New Enrollees by Source (See Figure 3 & Table 4)

High School Class of '78-79 (last year's orads) Two thirds (66% i.e., 21,000 out of 32,000) of Indiana's last year's high school graduates who continued their formal education in Indiana, enrolled in a public university, the large majority going to the main campuses. Ten percent of the '78-'79 class went to Ivy Tech and 17% enrolled in private colleges and universities in Indiana; the remaining seven percent enrolled in proprietary postsecondary institutions authorized to award degree programs.

Indiana High School Graduates in Years Prior to Last Year Interestingly, the same percentage (66%--28,000 out of 42,000+) of Indiana high school graduates who graduated one or more years before the Class of 1978-79 also enrolled in an Indiana public university; however, the majority of these "older" students went to regional campuses. (This is opposite to last year's high school grads where the majority went to public university main campuses.) Ivy Tech's campuses received 26% of these older students while only three percent went to private colleges and universities. (As stated earlier, this source of previous years' high school graduates represents an opportunity for private institutions to gain new admissions.) Only five percent of the older students enrolled in those proprietary institutions which offered college degree type courses.

Other Sources (e.g., out-of-state and foreign students) The largest number and percent (76,000 out of nearly 16,000 or 39%) of these out-of-state students enrolled in private colleges and universities in Indiana. This was followed by 30% who enrolled in public universities (nearly all of whom went to the main campuses). A surprising 4,356 out-of-state beginners (28% of the total of nearly 16,000) were reported by Ivy Tech, where apparently a large influx from the Chicago and Louisville areas puffed up the total. A very small three percent (~ 500 out-of-state students) enrolled in the proprietary institutions.

3. <u>Distribution Details of New Enrollees by Source in Selected</u> Institutions by Type Institution

Public Institutions (See Tables 5 and 5A) The composition of new enrollees (i.e., sources of new students) varied considerably between public institutions. For example, some universities received the highest proportion of their new enrollees from last year's ('78-'79) Indiana high school graduates: these included Ball State, Indiana State, Purdue and Vincennes Universities. On the other hand, most of the new enrollees for Indiana University and Ivy Tech were Indiana graduates of previous classes (i.e., prior to '78-'79). Indiana State had the highest proportion (73%) of new enrollees from last year's high school class whereas Ivy Tech had the lowest proportion (18%) of the new students from their source; most of IVTC's new students had graduated in previous years. (See Table 5A for break-out of individual regional campuses.)



TABLE 4 NEW (BEGINNER) ENROLLEES IN COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES IN INDIANA, 1979-80 Distribution by Source (Read vertically)

		•	•		
	No. Campuses	(INDIANA RES Indiana H.S.	041 - 11	All	
Type of Institution	or Instit.	Class of 78-79	Previous Years	Other Sources	Institutions Totals
PUBLIC UNIVERSITIES Σ No. of Beginners Σ Percent	Σ <u>20</u> 5	21,165 66%	27,971 66%	4,700 30%	53,836 60%
Main Campusas No. of Beginners Percent Regional Campuses	15	15,110 47%	9,602 23%	3,963 25%	28,675 32%
No. of Beginners Percent		6,055 19%	18,369 43%	737 5%	25,161 28%
PUBLIC COLLEGE (IVTC) Σ No. of Beginners Σ Percent	Σ <u>13</u>	3,345 10%	11,097 26%	4,356 28%	18,798 21%
PRIVATE COLLEGES ε UNIVERSITIES Σ No. of Beginners Σ Percent	Σ <u>34</u>	5,369 17%	1,331 3%	6,187 39%	12,887 14%
PROPRIETARY COLLEGES & INSTIT. ∑ No. of Beginners ∑ Percent	Σ 21	2,189 7%	1,996 5%	547 3%	4,732 5%
Single Campus No. of Beginners Percent	9	475 2%	942 2 %	149 <1%	1,566 < 2 %
Multiple Campuses No. of Beginners Percent	12	1,714 _5%	1,054 3%	398 >2%	3,166 <4%
GRAND TOTALS No. of Beginners Percent	Σ <u>88</u>	32,068 100%	42,395 100%	15,790 100%	90,253 100%

NOTE: Fractions rounded to nearest whole numbers.



The largest number of Indiana high school graduates from last year's class enrolled at Purdue's main campus (4,008), this was followed closely by Indiana University main campus (3,931), and then Ball State at 3,755. The largest number of new enrollees of graduates from years prior to 1978-79 was at Indiana University's main campus--a huge 5,527! This was followed by Purdue's main campus at 1,781 and Ball State at 1,639. The largest number of out-of-state new students were enrolled at Purdue's main campus (1,778) followed by Indiana University main campus at 1,269 (all other campuses were fewer than 500).

Private Colleges and Universities (See Tables 5 and 5B)

Undoubtedly the biggest difference in new enrollees between private and public postsecondary is the fact that private institutions admitted proportionately four times as many new out-of-state students (i.e., 48% vs. 12%) than did public institutions: conversely, the private institutions enrolled proportionately less than one-fifth of the (older) graduates from Indiana high schools prior to the 1978-79 class (i.e., 10% vs. 54%). In general, private institutions admitted graduates from last year's Indiana high school graduates in slightly lower proportions as did the public university main campuses. (Regional campuses do not have nearly as many new enrollees from last year's graduating class as they do from prior year classes.)

The largest number of Indiana high school graduates from last year's class that enrolled in private colleges and universities included; 757 at the University of Evansville, 427 at Butler University, 395 at Indiana Central University, 287 at DePauw and 279 at Valparaiso University. The largest numbers of new enrollees of high school (older) graduates from classes prior to 1978-79 included; 510 at Indiana Central University, 150 at Calumet College, and 114 at Valparaiso. The University of Notre Dame with 1,462 out-of-state new enrollees was by far the leader in this category; following were Valparaiso at 782, St. Mary's College at 405, DePauw at 364, and Anderson College at 351.

Proprietary Institutions The distribution of new enrollees at these institutions was in sharp contrast to the distribution in private colleges and universities. As stated earlier, 48% of the new enrollees in private institutions were out-of-state students, which compares to only 12% in the proprietary schools: the reverse of this is true when new students who graduated in years previous to last year are considered, in which case these older students comprised only 10% of new enrollees at private institutions, but represented 42% of new enrollees at proprietary schools.

The largest numbers of Indiana high school graduates from last year's class who enrolled in proprietary schools included: 555 at the Indianapolis campus of ITT Technical Institute, 300 at Lockyear's College Evansville campus, and 247 at the Indianapolis Business College Indianapolis (Central) campus. Large numbers of high school graduates from years previous to '78-'79 enrolled at the George Rogers Clark College (706), Indiana Business College, Indianapolis (Central) campus (361) and the Indianapolis campus of ITT (155). Most of the out-of-state students were enrolled at ITT's Fort Wayne campus (136), their Evansville campus (105), and their Indianapolis campus at 65: these were followed by 37 at the International Business College and 33 at the Indiana College of Commerce.

Summary Statements: In general, higher proportions of the graduates of last year's high school class enrolled (1) on the main campuses of public universities (53%) of all their new enrollees, (2) in proprietary postsecondary institutions (46% of new enrollees), and (3) in private colleges and universities (42%).

Indiana high school graduates from previous years comprised the largest proportion of new admissions at (1) regional campuses of public universities (671), (2) Tyy Tech (59%), and proprietary institutions (42%).

Institutions enrolling the largest proportions of their new enrollees from out-of-state include: private colleges and universities (48%), (2) public university main campuses, and (3) Ivy Tech.



TABLE 5 NEW ENROLLEES IN

PUBLIC, PRIVATE, AND SELECTED PROPRIETARY

POSTSECONDARY INSTITUTIONS IN INDIANA (1979-80)

(Read nonizolatally) New

	1						MGM	
	Ind	Indiana H.S. Grads.						r)
	Class	of	Previous		Other		Enrolle	
	78-7	9	Year	s	Sources		Total:	
	Number	ġ.	Number	8	Number	ç,	Number	%
BALL STATE UNIV.	3,755	67%	1,639	29%	229	4%	5,623	100%
IND. STATE UNIV. Main Campus Regional Campus <u>1</u> / Total	1,938 430 2,368	73% 70% 73%	285 73 358	11% 12% 11%	419 115 534	16% 19% 16%	2,642 618 3,260	100% 100% 100%
INDIANA UNIV. Main Campus Regional Campuses 1/ Total	3,931 4,340 8,271	37% 21% 26%	5,527 15,985 21,512	52% 77% 69%	1,269 347 1,616	12% 2% 5%	10,727 20,672 31,399	100% 100% 100%
PURDUE UNIV. Main Campus Regional Campuses 1/ Total	4,008 1,285 5,293	53% 33% 46%	1,781 2,311 4,092	24% 60% 36%	1,778 275 2,053	23% 7% 18%	7,567 3,871 11,438	100% 100% 100%
VINCENNES UNIV.	1,478	70%	370	17%	268	13%	2,116	100%
IVY TECH*	3,345	18%	11,097	59%	4,356	23%	18,798	100%
TOTAL PUBLIC INSTIT. Main Campuses Regional Campuses* Total	15,110 9,400 24,510	53% 21% 34%	9,662 29,466 39,068	33% 67% 54%	3,963 5,093 9,056	14% 12% 12%	28,675 43,959 72,634	100% 100% 100%
PRIVATE COLL. & UNIV.2	5,369	42%	1,331	10%	6,187	48%	12,887	100%
PROPRIETARY INSTIT.3/	2,189	46%	1,996	42%	547	1 2%	4,732	100%
TOTAL ALI. INSTIT.	32,068	36%	42,395	47%	15,790	17%	90,253	100%

 $[\]frac{1}{2}$ See TABLE 5A on next page for break-out of individual regional campuses.

 $[\]frac{2}{\text{See}}$ TABLE 5B on page 15 for break-out of individual private institutions.

 $[\]frac{3}{2}$ See TABLE 50 on page 16 for break-out of individual proprietary institutions.

^{*}Ivy Tech data represent enrollments in thirteen regional institutes; therefore, data are included under Regional Campus Totals.

TABLE 5A

NEW ENROLLEES ON PUBLIC UNIVERSITE MAIN AND REGIONAL CAMPUSES 1979-80

(Read & horizontally)

							N€	ew .
	Ind	Indiana H.S. Grads.					, (Begin	ner)
	Class	of	Previ	ous	Other		Enrollee	
	78-	79	Yea	rs	Sources		Tota	ls
Public University	Number	%	Number	%	Number	9	Number	%
SALL STATE UNIVERSITY Σ	3,755	66.8	1,639	29.1	229	4.1	5,623	<u>100</u> %
NDIANA STATE UNIVERSITY \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	2,368	72.6	358	11.0	534	16.4	3,260	100%
Main Campus (Terre Haute) Evansville (Regional)	1,938 430	73.4 69.6	285 73	10.8	419 115	15.9 18.6	2,642 618	100% 100%
· -		_			•			-
NDIANA UNIVERSITY Σ Main Campus (Bloomington)	8,271 3,931	$\frac{26.3}{36.6}$	$\frac{21,512}{5,527}$	68.5 51.5	1,616 1,269	5.1 11.8	31,399 10,727	100% 100%
Regional Campuses	٠, رو, ر	,0.0	J, J=1	2	1,205		10,727	100.0
IUPUI (Indianapolis)*	1,636	19.1	6,730	78.7	181	2.1	8,547	100%
IU East (Richmond)	173	15.8	910	83.2	11	1.0	1,094	100%
IU Kokomo	264	19.2	1,078	78.5	32	2.3	1,374	100%
IU So. East (Jeff.)	551	28.7	1,344	70.0	26	1.4	1,921	100%
IU South Bend	509	17.1	2,410	80.8	62	2.1	2,981	100%
IU Fort Wayne	742	28.0	1,885	71.2	19	.7	2,646	100%
IU No. West (Gary)	465	22.0	1,628	77.2	16	.8	2,109	100%
URDUE UNIVERSITY Σ	5,293	46.3	4,092	35.8	2,053	17.9	11,438	<u>100</u> %
Main Campus (Lafayette)	4,008	53.0	1,781	23.5	1,778	23.5	7,567	100%
Regional Campuses*	7.5	la a	64.5	F1 0	1 1.00	7.0	1 207	1000
Calumet Campus	735	40.2	947	51.8	145	7.9	1,827	100%
No. Central (Westville)	. 95	11.2	749	88.0	7	.8	851	100%
Fort Wayne Campus	455	38.1	615	51.6	123	10.3	1,193	100%
INCENNES UNIVERSITY Σ	1,478	69.8	370	<u>17.5</u>	268	12.7	2,116	100%
RAND TOTALS	21,165	20 2	27,971	52.0	4,700	8.7	53,836	100%
INDIANA RESIDENTS	41,105	39.3 49,1		22.0	7,/00	0.7		91.3%
INDIANA VESTOENIS		72,1.	,,,					21.26

TUPUI under Indiana University includes all new students



TABLE 5B

NEW ENROLLEES IN PRIVATE COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES IN INDIANA 1979-1980 (Rank Ordered by Total New Enrollment)

			•	. New
1	Indiana H.	S. Grads.		(Beginner)
,	Class of	Previous	Other	Enrollee
	78-79	Years	Sources	Totals
College or University	Number	Number	Number	Number
UNIV. OF NOTRE DAME	144	==	1,462	1,606
VALPARAISO UNIVERSITY	279	114	782	1,175
UNIV. OF EVANSVILLE	757	98	273	1,128
INDIANA CENTRAL UNIV.	355	510	79	984
DEPAUW UNIVERSITY	287	4	364	655
BUTLER UNIVERSITY	427	21	131	579
ANDERSON COLLEGE	156	44	351	551
TRI-STATE UNIVERSITY	197	82	206	485
ST. MARY'S COLLEGE	68		405	473
TAYLOR UNIVERSITY	182	14	238	434
CALUMET COLLEGE	106	150	128	384
MANCHESTER COLLEGE	261	15	77	353
ROSE-HULMAN INST/TECH	222	l i	129	352
HANOVER COLLEGE	235	10	103	348
ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE	160	33	139	332
GOSHEN COLLEGE	78	15	211	304
OAKLAND CITY COLLEGE	151	83	69	303
EARLHAM COLLEGE	60	Ō	225	285
WABASH COLLEGE	220		24	244
GRACE THEO. SEM. & COLL.	108		134	242
FRANKLIN COLLEGE	197	7	24	228
ST. FRANCIS COLLEGE	149	18	. 48	215
MARIAN COLLEGE	127	19	49	195
MARION COLLEGE	76	10	102	188
IND. INSTIT. OF TECH.	22	7	152	181
HUNTINGTON	103	10	54	167
BETHEL COLLEGE	39	20	67	126
ST. MARY-OF-THE-WOODS	64	0	49	113
FORT WAYNE BIBLE COLLEGE	41	16	46	103
NORTHWOOD INSTITUTE	44	28	31	103
ST. MEINARD COLLEGE	14	2	35	51
GRAND TOTALS	5,369	1,331	6,187	12,887
Indiana Residents	6,7			6,700



TABLE 5C NEW ENROLLEES IN PROPRIETARY INSTITUTIONS OFFERING COLLEGE CREDIT PROGRAMS 1979-80

	1		!	New
•	Indiana H	.S. Grads.		(Beginner)
<u> </u>	Class of	Previous	Other	Enrollee
	78-79	Years	Sources	Totals
Institution	Number	Number	Number	Number
ACME INSTIT. OF TECH.	7	14	4	25
GEORGE ROGERS CLARK COLL.	144	706	20	870
ELKHART INST. OF TECH.	24	43	28	95
INDIANA BUSINESS COLLEGE	1	_		
COLUMBUS	10	41	3	54
INDIANAPOLIS (Central)	247	361	10	618
LAFAYETTE	30	94	12	136
MARION	17	69	16	102
MUNCIE	10	43	2	55
RICHMOND	13	21	4	38
VINCENNES	84	48 ′	3 33	135
INDIANA COLLEGE OF COMM.	11	57	33	101
INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS COLL.	202	1	37	240
ITT TECHNICAL INSTITUTE				1
EVANSVILLE	84	20	105	209
FORT WAYNE	244	67	136	447
INDIANAPOLIS	555	155	65	775
LAPORTE BUSINESS COLL.	20	40	5	65
LOCKYEAR COLLEGE	1		,	* 1
EVANSVILLE	300	100	22	422
INDIANAPOLIS	120	35	20	175
MARTIN CENTER COLLEGE	0	1	0	1 1
MICHIANA COLL. OF COMM.	22	47	12	81
VALPARAISO TECH. INST.	<u>45</u>	. <u>33</u>	<u>10</u>	88
GRAND TOTALS ,	2,189	1,996	547	4,732
INDIANA RESIDENTS	4,18	5		4,185



CHAPTER III

COLLEGE ATTENDANCE RATES OF INDIANA HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES AND

HIGHEST EDUCATION LEVEL ATTAINED BY INDIANA ADULTS

This chapter presents the "attendance rates" (sometimes called college participation rates) of Indiana high school graduates of the Class of 1978-79 in a college or university, or proprietary school authorized to offer degree credit programs. First-time (beginner) students enrollment data were acquired through a survey of all such postsecondary institutions in Indiana. In this study for general comparison purposes, the college participation rate of last year's high school graduates—as derived from the survey—is compared with the rates reported by:

- (a) The Indiana Department of Public Instruction, and
- (b) Estimates made by the College Board (ATP).

This chapter also presents the relative standing of Indiana adults with regard to their highest levels of education attained. Infortunately, all these data are not directly comparable, because of salient differences in the techniques used, definitions, and even time frames. However, some comparisons and broad generalizations are made in this report, because these data have been used in the past, and the results of this study do help to put them in perspective. (The most directly comparable enrollment data are the results of the survey described in Chapter II, compared with the reports from the Indiana Department of Public Instruction for reasons explained later in this chapter.)

A. GRADUATES FROM INDIANA PUBLIC AND NON-PUBLIC HIGH SCHOOLS IN 1978-79

There were 82,003 graduates from all Indiana high schools in 1978-79; 77,418 were graduates from public high schools and 4,585 graduated from non-public schools. This was the class that was followed up in the survey. (See Table 6.)

- 3. COLLEGE ATTENDANCE RATES OF INDIANA HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES, CLASS OF 1978-79
 - 1. As Derived from Survey Results: The five major public universities and their regional campuses, Ivy Tech, 34 private colleges and universities and the 21 separately located proprietary institutions authorized to offer college credit programs in Indiana, reported they had enrolled a total of 32,044 new (beginner) students during 1979-80, both part time and full time, from the 82,003 students who had graduated from high schools in Indiana the previous year (Class of 1978-79). This constitutes an attendance rate of 39.1%... In addition, based on previous studies 1/, it is estimated that approximately 16.5% of all those who went to college-did so outside of Indiana-which computes out to 6,336 college-bound students or 7.7% of the total graduating class. Thusly, the total ongoing college attendance rate for the high school Class of 1978-79 is 46.8%. (See Table 7.)

-' College Attendance in Indiana, Research Report RCCC 69-2; Thomas M. Elliott, Regional Campus Coordinating Committee of the Public Universities of Indiana. Bloomington. Indiana, August, 1969. pp. 9-11.



TABLE 6

NUMBER OF HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES FROM PUBLIC AND NON-PUBLIC SCHOOLS IN INDIANA CLASS OF 1978-79

	Regular Grads	Spec. Grads	Total	GEDT*
Public Schools	75,182	2,236	77,418	6,397
Non-Public Schools	4,562	23	4,585	463
	79,744	2,259	82,003	6,860

^{*}Not included in Total

NOTE: The total numbers of graduates for the past five years were: 1973-74 83,707 1976-77 88,090 1974-75 87,539 1977-78 81,846 1975-76 87,488

TABLE 7

COLLEGE ATTENDANCE RATES OF INDIANA HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES CLASS OF 1978-79: AS DERIVED FROM SURVEY RESULTS

3	No. of 178-79	Ni Who Coi	mber itinued Their	Percent Who Continued Their		
	Indiana High School	Education	Uninterrupted	Education Uninterrupted		
١	Graduates*	In-State	Out-of-State	In-State	Out-of-State	
	82,003	32,068	6,336**	39.1%	7.7%	
	TOTAL 82,003	38	3,404	46	6.8%	

^{*}Includes both public and non-public high schools. GEDT's not included in TOTAL.



^{**}Represents 16.5% of Indiana high school class of '78-79 who continued their education anywhere. (Percentage based on previous studies!/.)

 $[\]frac{1}{2}$ College Attendance in Indiana. .. op. cit. pp. 9-11.

2. As Reported by the Indiana Department of Public Instruction (DPI):

Each year the DPI requests every school corporation superintendent to report the numbers of their previous year high school graduates who went to a college or university (anywhere). The superintendents in turn disburse these requests to the individual schools who report their results (EIR Forms 1 and 6). These data are then checked, compiled and reported by the Division of Educational Information and Research of the DPI. The last report2/ showed the "Percent of Total Grads to College" for public high schools to be 43.86% for the Class of 1977-78, and 44.91 for the Class of 1978-79. Comparable data were available for non-public high schools for 1978-79, where Total Grads to College were reported as 63.2%. When both public and non-public school data are combined, the rate for 1978-79 becomes 45.93%. (See Table 8.)

3. As Reported by the College Board (ATP) $\frac{3}{}$

Unfortunately, there are no NCES data directly comparable to the survey or DPI data. However, there is information about 1977 high school graduates "who are college bound (full time, degree credit)" in 1977. The 1979 College Board report3/indicates the proportion of these college-bound graduates to be .43 for Indiana; this was below the .48 proportion reported for the Midwestern Region and .50 reported for the Nation as a whole. (However, it is an improvement over the .41 rate reported for Indiana the previous year.) Kentucky had the same proportion (.43) as did Indiana of high school graduates who are college bound. The following six states had lower proportions:

California .41 Nevada .41 Georgia .41 West Virginia .41 Michigan .41 Arizona .35

Selected extracts are shown in Table 9, see Appendix B (page 58) for complete table.



^{2/}State Total Public School Trends in Graduates, and Graduates to College (Source EIR-6 & EIR-1); Indiana Department of Public Instruction, Division of Educational Information and Research, Room 229, State House, Indianapolis, IN 46204.

^{3/}See Appendix B of The College Guide to the ATP Summary Reports, Admissions Testing Program of the College Board; 1979.

TABLE 8

INDIANA HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES AND GRADUATES TO COLLEGE

BY SEX: AS REPORTED BY THE D.P.I.**

,			ı	,		Number of Grads to	Percent Grads to
Year	Re	gular Grads	Special	Grads	Totals	College*	College
			PUBLIC	: schoo	LS	l	j
1977-78	M F Σ	37,191 37,363 74,554	1,1, 1,40 2,58)4	38,367 38,767 77,134	16,473 17,361 33,834	42.94% 44.78% 43.86%
1978-79	M F Σ	36,955 38,227 75,182	1,05 1,18 2,2	32	38,009 39,409 77,418	16,865 17,900 34,765	44.37% 45.42% 44.91%
1978-79	M F Σ	2,392 2,170 4,562	NON-PUBL	.1C SCH 14 9 23	00LS 2,406 2,179 4,585	1,556 1,342 2,898	64.67% 61.58% 63.20%
1978-79	M F Σ	ALL HIGH S 39.347 40,397 79,744	1,06 1,19 2,25	8 91	LASS OF 40, ¹ 15 41,588 82,003	1978-79 18,421 19,242 37,663	45.58% 46.27% 45.93%

^{*}Source: State of Indiana, Department of Public Instruction, Div. of Educational Information and Research Report "STATE TOTAL PUBLIC SCHOOL TRENDS IN GRADUATES AND GRADUATES TO COLLEGE (Source: EIR-6 and EIR-1).







TABLE 9 1977 HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES, INCLUDING THOSE WHO ARE COLLEGE-BOUND

(FULL-TIME, DEGREE CREDIT)

				Estimated Proportion** of High School Graduates	Estimate** of High School Graduates
		chool Craduates*		Who Are	Who Are
	Male	Female	Tota1	College Bound	College Bound
dle Atlantic Region AL	313,399	323,597	636,996	.56	357,800
western Region					
linois	80,420	85,620	166,040	.55	91,000
diana	40,437	40,969	81,406	.43	35,200
wa	23,501	24,219	47,720	.58	27,700
nsas	17,259	17,957	35,216	54	19,700
chigan	73,774	76,388	150,162	.41	60,800
nnesota	36,024	37,142	73,166	-51	37,500
ssouri	36,423	36,048	72,471	.43	30,80 0
braska	12,938	13,129	26,067	.56	14,700
rth Dakota	5,742	5,897	11,639	.78	9,100
io	85,856	88,364	174,220	.43	75,000
uth Dakota	. 6 ,0 98	5,995	12,093	51	6,200
st Virginia	12,712	12,807	25,519	. 41	10,300
sconsin	38,613	40,754	79,367	.53	42,000
AL	469,797	485,289	955,086	.48	459,400
England Region	93,147	97,301	190,448	.59	112,300
ky Mountain Region AL	38,807	38,930	77,737	.49	38,100
thern Region AL	283,528	303,173	586,701	.50	294,800
thwestern Region AL	128,313	128,154	256,467	.50	127,700
tern Region AL	217,485	225,799	443,284	.43	192,100
ND TOTAL	1,544,476	1,602,243	3,146,719	. 50	1,582,200

urce: National Center for Education Statistics, Digest of Educational Statistics 1978-79 (Washington, D.C.: Government Printing Office, 1979).

ese estimates were reported in Appendix B of the College Guide to the ATP Summary ports, Admissions Testing Program of the College Board, 1979.



C. COMPARISONS OF RATIOS OF HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES TO THEIR OWN POSTSECONDARY SCHOOL ENROLLMENTS (A SURVEY RESULTS, D.P.I. AND N.C.E.S. DATA)

A recap of the college attendance rate of Indiana high school graduates from the immediately preceding year is shown in Table 10.

TABLE 10

A COMPARISON OF COLLEGE ATTENDANCE

(PARTICIPATION) RATES OF INDIANA HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES

		High School	
	Attendance		Year of
Source	Rate	Туре	Graduation
Results of this Survey $\frac{1}{}$	46.8%	A11	1978-79
Ind. Dept. of Public Instr. 1/	44.91%	Public	1978-79
2 2 = 1 = 1	63.20%	Non-Public	1973-79
,	45.93%	A11	1978-79
Ind. Dept. of Public Instr. 1/	43.86%	Public	1977-78
Estimated by College Board-ATP2/	43.0 %	A11	1975-76
NOTE: Estimated by College Board			
Rate for Entire Nation was	50.0 %	All	1975-76
Rate for the Midwestern Regio was	n 49.0 %	All	1975-76

 $[\]frac{1}{2}$ /Includes full-time and part-time new (beginner) students. Includes full-time new (beginner) students only.

Although the above data are not strictly comparable, they do indicate that Indiana college participation rates may be approximately five percent below the National and Regional averages. (See Appendix B for details.)

MOTE: If Indiana's high school graduates' college participation rates were raised 5% to the National average, that would represent an increase of more than 4,000 new (beginner) enrollees!

D. COMPARISONS OF THE HIGHEST EDUCATION LEVEL ATTAINED BY INDIANA CITIZENS

Although the data in this section represent the situations in 1970 & 1975, there is no later evidence to indicate any significant changes of Indiana's relative standing have occurred since they were compiled. In essence, these data indicate that the adult population in Indiana is below the postsecondary levels of attainment in the Midwest and Nationwide. This is consistent with the finding developed in preceding sections that Indiana high school graduates' college attendance rates in the year following graduation are probably lower than the Midwest and National rates.



- 1. Percent of Population Age 25 Years and Over with College--Ranked by State
- The U. S. Bureau of the Census 1/reported that as of 1975, some 26.9% of adult males in Indiana had achieved some college education (Indiana was ranked 41st in the U.S.). Slightly worse, only 20% of Indiana adult females had some college (which ranked Indiana 43rd in the U.S.). (See Table 11 for more details.)
- 2. Highest Level of Educational Attainment Completed by Persons 18 Years Old and Over: 1976 and 1970 (Indiana, North Central States and National)

Bureau of the Census data support the thesis that the postsecondary education attainment level of Indiana adults is below the National and North Central Region averages. However, proportionately more Indiana adults have graduated from high school.

Further, the median school years completed by persons 18 years and over was the same as the National average of 12.2 years in 1970 and was 12.4 for Indiana vs. 12.5 for the U.S. in 1976. In other words, Indiana does very well in getting its citizens through high school, but does not do as well at the collegiate levels.

a. <u>Highest Educational Attainment</u> of Persons 18 Years Old and Over for Regions and States: 1976 and 1970

An examination of Table 12A and Appendix C-1 reveals that in 1976:

- 1 The proportion of Indiana adults > 18 years who completed four years of high school (42.2%) is higher than the averages for the North Central Region (39.9%) as well as for the Nation as a whole (36.0%).
- The proportion of Indiana adults who have completed 1 to 3 years of high school (17.3%) is also higher than the averages for the North Central Region (15.5%), or the Nation as a whole (15.9%).
- 3 The proportion of adults who have attended only the elementary grades, is lower in Indiana than the averages for the North Central Region or the Nation as a whole (15.7% for Indiana, 16.1% for the North Central Region and 17.5% Nationally).
- 4 The proportion of Indiana adults who have completed 1 or more years of college is about 2% below the North Central Region and nearly 3% below the National averages. (Actually it appears Indiana lost a little ground, relatively speaking, since 1970.)
- *See Appendix A for more complete listing and details.
- 4/Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Current Population Reports, Series P-60, Money Income and Poverty Status in 1975 of Families and Persons (Spring 1976 Survey of Income and Education) (Regional releases).



TABLE 11 PER CENT POPULATION 25 YEARS AND OVER WITH COLLEGE

RANKED BY STATE - 1975

5.4			
	Male		Female
United States	33.4%	United States	25.6%
Utah	49.1	Alaska	40.5
Colorado	46.6	Colorado	37.0
Alaska	45.9	Utah	35.9
California	45.9	California	55.3
Oregon	42.2	Arizona	34.0
Arizona	42.1	Wyoming	34.0
Washington	40.7	Hawaii	33.9
Hawaii	40.3	Washington	33.6
Nevada	39.3	North Dakota	32.5
Massachusetts	39.0	Montana	32.3
Maryland	38.7	Vermont	31.4
New Mexico	37.7	Oregon	31.3
Connecticut	37.5	South Dakota	31.0
Idah o	37.0	Nevada	30.8
New Hampshire	36.7	New Hampshire	30.7
Wyoming	36.6	Nebraska	30.0
Texas	36.3	Connecticut	29.7
Delaware	36.2	Maryland	29.7
Virginia	35.1	Massachusetts	29.3
Nebraska	34.5	Delaware	29.1
New York	34.5	Idaho	28.7
Vermont	34.1	Kansas	28.7
Montana	33.8	Virginia	27.7
Rhode Island	33.6	Minnesota	27.4
Florida	33.5	New Mexico	27.1
Oklahoma	33.3	FJorida ,	26.9
Kansas	33.2	Iowa	26.2
Illinois	32.7	Maine	25.4
New Jersey	32.7	Wisconsin	25.4
Minnesota	32.6	Illinois	25.2
Michigan	32.1	Texas	25.2
Maine	3C.1	New York	25.0
Georgia	29.6	Michigan	24.0
Wisconsin	29.6	Oklahoma	23.7
Iowa _.	29.3	North Carolina	23.5
Missouri	29.2	New Jersey	23.1
North Dakota	29.2	Georgia	22.5
Louisiana	27.9	Rhode Island	22.2
Ohio	27.9	Missouri	21.8
South Dakota	27.2	South Carolina	21.3
Indiana	26.9	Mississippi	21.0
North Carolina	26.0	Louisiana	20.4
South Carolina	26.0	Indiana	20.0
Pennsylvania	25.8	Tennessee	19.9
Tennessee	25.4	Ohio	19.8
Mississippi	24.6	Kentucky	19.0
Alabama	24.5	Alabama	18.7
Arkansas	21.8	Arkansas	17.9
Kentucky	21.8	Pennsylvania	17.8
West Virginia	21.5	West Virgi n ia	17.4

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Current Population Reports, Series P-60, Money Income and Poverty Status in 1975 of Families and Persons (Spring 1976 Survey of Income and Education) (Regional releases)



The relative position of the highest level of education of Indiana adults had not changed appreciably in 1976 over the situation of 1970. Although there were increases in the levels of education in all instances, between 1970 and 1976, an examination of Table 12B and Appendix C-2 reveals that in 1970:

- 1 The proportion of Indiana adults > 18 years who completed 4 years of high school (37.9%) was higher than the averages for the North Central Region (36.2%) as well as for the Nation as a whole (33.1%).
- 2 The proportion of Indiana adults who completed 1 to 3 years of high school was also higher than the averages for the North Central Region or the Nation as a whole (20.8% for Indiana, 19.0% for the North Central Region, and 19.7% for the Nation).
- The proportion of adults who had attended only the elementary grades was lower in Indiana (22.8%) than the average for the North Central Region (23.5%), or for the Nation as a whole (24.4%).
- 4 The proportion of Indiana adults who had completed 1 or more years of college was slightly less than 2% below the North Central Region averages, and was slightly more than 2 percent below the National averages.
- Percent High School Graduates by Sex: 1970-1976

Consistent with the foregoing, the Census data show that

- In 1976, a higher proportion of Indiana males and females 18 to 24 years old had graduated from high school (81.4% Indiana and 80.4% National). However in the age group of 25 years and older, although a higher percentage of males in Indiana over the National average had completed high school, this was not true for females. The same situation prevails when comparing Indiana vs. the North Central States.
- In 1976, a higher proportion of females 18 to 24 years old were high school graduates than were males in the United States and in most Regions. However, in Indiana more adult males had graduated from high school in both age groups (18 to 24, and 25 years old and over).
- In 1970, the margin of difference in the proportion of adult females 18 to 24 who had graduated from high school (over males) was slightly greater than in 1976. That is, the differences between adult males and females (18 to 24 years) who graduated from high school had narrowed. (In the Indiana high school classes of 1977-78 and 1979-80, although there were more males enrolled in the 12th grade, slightly more females graduated from both classes.) (See Tables 12A and B, and Appendix C-1 and C-2.)

TABLE 12A

EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT OF PERSONS 18 YEARS OLD AND OVER, FOR REGIONS, DIVISIONS,

AND STATES: 1970 AND 1976

		Years of school completed						Percent high school graduate			
	Total,	Elemen- tary school		school		lege	Median school	18	to 24 rs old	25 ye	ars old over
Region, division, and State	and over	0 to 8 years	l to 3 years	4 years	l to 3 years	4 years or more	years completed	Male	Female	Male	Female
1976							.:				
All Races						ı	·				
United States	146,349	17.5	15.9	36.0	16.7	13.9	12.5	78.2	79.7	64.1	63.5
Northeast	34,465	16.7	16.4	36.7	15.2	15.0	12.5	81.4	81.3	64.3	63.4
New England	8,461	14.9	14.8	36.4	17.4	16.7	12.6	81.3	81.6	68.1	67.7
Middle Atlantic New York	26,004 12,713	17.3 16.7	16.9 17.0	36.8 34.0	14.6 16.2	14.5 16.0	12.4 12.5	81.4 81.3	81.3 70.5	63.1 64.4	62.0 62.6
North Central	39,067	16.1	15.5	39.9	15.9	12.6	12.5	80.7	82.2	64.7	65.8
East North Central Ohio Indiana A Illinois Michigan Wisconsin	27,685 7,261 3,571 7,566 6,159 3,129	15.6 14.9 15.7 17.8 13.3 16.5	16.7 17.4 17.3 16.1 18.0 13.2	39.8 43.0 42.1 35.0 39.6 41.5	15.5 13.2 13.8 17.4 16.5 16.0	12.4 11.5 11.0 13.7 12.6 12.7	12.4 12.4 12.4 12.5 12.5 12.5	79.7 79.9 81.4 78.5 79.6 80.6	81.1 80.4 80.3 82.3 83.6	64.3 64.0 64.4 63.9 63.7 66.5	65.1 65.7 63.2 62.4 67.3 68.3
West North Central Minnesota Iowa	11,382 2,637 1,942	17.4 15.8 15.7	12.7 11.8 12.0	40.1 41.9 43.2	16.9 17.3 16.4	12.9 13.3 12.8	12.5 12.5 12.5	82.9 82.6 84.9	84.7 87.6 84.8	65.7 67.6 67.6	67.5 70.9 71.1
South	46,780	22.0	17.4	32.7	15.1	12.8	12.3	72.2	75.2	58.3	56.9
South Atlantic	23,484	20.9	17.4	32.6	15.3	13.9	12.4	72.4	76.0	59.6	58.6
East South Central Kentucky	9,198 2,307	27.3 29.5	18.5 17.2	31.0 31.6	12.7 11.7	10.5 10.0	12.1 12.1	67.2 72.1	71.6 69.1	50.6 49.1	51.3 49.9
West South Central	14,099	20.5	16.8	33.9	16.2	12.5	12.4	74.7	76.3	61.1	57.9
West	26,036	12.2	13.4	35.3	22.5	16.5	12.7	81.3	81.6	73.2	72.3
Mountain	6,490	11.9	13.7	36.6	21.4	16.3	12.7	81.2	81.9	72.9	72.1
Pacific California	19,547 14,741	12.3 12.7	13.2 13.3	34.9 33.8	22.9 23.4	16.6 16.8	12.7 12.7	81.4 80.4	81.5 80.6	73.3 73.4	72.4 71.8

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EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT OF PERSONS 18 YEARS OLD AND OVER, FOR REGIONS, DIVISIONS, AND STATES: 1970 AND 1976

ı			<u></u>			 		ii			
		Elemon-	Years o	f school	complete	yd	ļ ·	Perce	nt hish	edhaal d	graduate
•	Total,	tary					Median				
	18 years	school	Hìgh	schoo <u>l</u>	Col	lege.	school	11	to 24 ers old		ears old l over
Region, division,	and over	0 to 8	1 to 3	4	1 to 3	4 years	, years		- AFA	GIIC	AAGT
and State	100%	years	years	years	years	or more	completed	Male	Female	Male	Femalo
1970	ľ										
All Races										}	
United States	133,384	24.5	19.7	33.1	12.9	9.9	12.2	70.9	73.8	51.9	52.8
Northeast	32,980	24.0	19.6	34.4	11.5	10.6	12.2	72.8	76.8	52.6	53.2
New England	7,880	21.4	18.7	34.9	13.6	11.3	12.3	73.9	78.7	55.1	57.7
Middle Atlantic	25,100	24.8	19.8	34.2	10.9	10.3	12.2	72.4	76.2	51.9	51.8
New .York	12,380	24.5	19.5	32.7	12.0	11.3	12.2	71.4	75.4	52.9	52.5
North Central	36,683	23.5	3.0	36.1	12.4	9.0	12.2	73.6	76.7	52.5	54.8
East North Central	26,013	23.0	20.3	36.0:	11.8	8.9	12.2	72.2	75.5	52.3	53.7
Ohio Indiana ♣	6,907	21.6	21.7	37.3	10.8	8.6	12.2	71.2	74.8	52.4	54.0
Indiana = 	3,349	22.8	20.8	37.9	10.7	7.7	12.2	70.8	72.8	52.9	53.0
Michigan	7,310 5,616	24.7 21.4	19.1 22.2	33.8	12.7	9.7	12.2	72.7	75.6	52.9	52.3
Wisconsin	2,830	25.1	16.0	35.7 37.2	12.1 12.7	8.7 9.0	12.2 12.2	71.4 76.9	74.8 81.8	51.2	54.2
West North Central	10,670	24.9	15.8	36.1	13.9	9.2	12.3			52.1	56.7
Minnesota	2,419	23.8	14.2	37.0	14.7	10.3	12.3	77.1 80.1	79.6 84.3	53.1 54.4	57.2 60.5
lowa	1,847	22,3	15.5	40.2	13.5	8.5	12.3	77.5	79.7	55.8	61.8
South	40,878	29.6	21.5	28.3	11.6	9.0	11.9	64.7	67.2	44.9	45.3
South Atlantic	20,196	28.2	21.8	28.7	11.6	9.6	12.0	65.3	68.6	45.7	46.5
East South Central	8,268	35.0	20.3	27.6	10.0	7.2	11.2	61.5	64.7	40.2	41.1
Kentucky	2,101	38.8	18.0	27.1	9.3	6.8	10.9	62.3	65.3	37.5	39.5
West South Central	12,414	28.3	21.7	28.0	12.7	9.2	12.0	65.8	66.8	46.6	46.0
West	22,842	17.3	17.8	35.3	17.8	11.8	12.4	71.ô	73.2	61.9	62.6
Mountain	5,216	18.2	17.8	35.3	17.1	11.5	12.4	75.3	75.3	60.3	62.2
Pacific	17,627	17.0	17.8	35.3	18.0	11.9	12.4	75.9	77.8	62.4	62.7
California	13,312	16.9	17.9	34.6	18.5	12.1	12.4	75.5	77.5	62.9	62.4

Source: For 1970, U.S. Bureau of the Census, 1970 Census of Population, Vol. 1, U.S. Summary, and State parts.

CHAPTER IV NATIONAL AND INDIANA POPULATION DATA

Introduction

Educators and administrators are becoming increasingly aware of the economic and social implications of the changing age composition of the population. Unquestionably demographic trends are of particular importance to higher education, and may very well be one of the most important economic forces bearing on this enterprise. The impending 20-25% drop in the 18 year old population and the resulting efforts to enroll a greater number of older, and part-time, and women students will dominate the higher education environment of the 1980's and beyond.

This chapter presents population data for the Nation and, in more detail, for the State of Indiana.

- A. NATIONAL POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS*
 - 1. Overview (See Table 13)

The Nation's population will shift significantly in the 80's. Among the highlights:



- The total population will approach the 250 million mark (about a 10% increase in ten years),
- There will be more people in their prime ages, and
- There will also be more people over 65. However,
- Proportionately, there will be fewer young people and fewer children.

A great population wave has been moving through this country during the past thirty years. This was caused by the post-World War II baby boom with the following results:

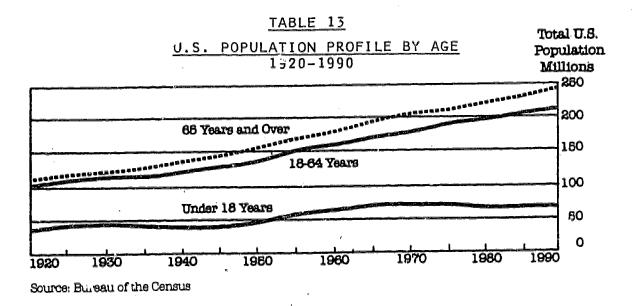
- The elementary schools were inundated in the 50's.
- High schools, then colleges absorbed the wave in the 60's and 70's, with millions of young people crowding into the work force.
- And now, in the 80's this wave will move into their prime years of 30 to 45.

Unquestionably this population wave will continue to have drastic educational, economic and social implications.

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^{*}THE EXCITING 80's, published by The Keplinger Washington Editors, Inc., Washington, D.C.



2. Specifics for the Next Decade About:

Babies to age 5... There may be a slight increase in the total number, but there is no anticipated increase at the rate at which they will arrive. (The reason there may be additional infants is because there will be more women of childbearing age in the population.)

Youth, ages 5 through 19... The total number will remain about the same, but in the decade ahead by will make up a smaller proportion of the total population. There will be a slight increase in the ages 5 thru 13, but this will be offset by fewer youth in ages 14 thru 19 in the 80's. (See the next section on Education and Tables 14 and 15.)

TABLE 14
U.S. ELEMENTARY SCHOOL ENROLLMENT
1980-1990

(estimated nun	nber of students)		
Grade	1980	1985	1990
Kindergarten	2,431,000	2,950,000	3,172,000
1	3,179,000	3,783,000	4,200,000
2	3,194,000	3,879,000	4,055,000
3	3,416,000	3,462,000	4,074,000
4	3,546,000	3,250,000	3,982,000
5	3,611,000	3,226,000	3,879,000
6	3,485,000	3,124,000	3,577,000
7	3,447,000	3,181,000	3,519,000
8	3,487,000	3,330,000	3,353,000
Total	29,796,000	29,885,000	33,811,000
Source: National Inst	itute ci Education, HEW		



Young adults, 20 to 29... There will be little change in absolute numbers--which will be quite different from the 70's, when the influence of this age was considerable due to their growing numbers.

The prime years (30 to 45)... This is where the most significant change will take place. About 37 million people were in this group in the 80's...by 1990, this number will leap frog to about 58 million; an increase of well over 50%!

Middle-age, 45 through 60... There will be little change in number of people in this group during the next ten years.

People over 65... Here is another change of note. This group will grow from about 23 million in 1980 to about 30 million by 1990 (a 30% increase).

Immigration... The impact on population of both legal and illegal immigrants is not know accurately. (Some estimates exceed the one million mark.) In addition, there are significant changes within the U.S. as people move from one State to another.

3. Implications of Population Change on Schools and Colleges

The great population wave moving through America during the past thirty years, caused by the baby boom of World War II, has had, and will continue to have a significant impact on education. Compounding the problem caused by this wave, is a falling birth rate.

Highlights of interest include:

- During the 50's and 60's, public and private school enrollments increased by two-thirds, and
- Registrations doubled on college campuses between 1960 and 1970. However,
 - The birth rate began to drop in the 60's, so
- Elementary school enrollments dropped more than 10% in the 70's, and the number of high school graduates "peaked out."

Looking to the future

Although the number of grade school children dropped nearly six and a half million in the 70's, by the mid-80's this decline will begin to level out. By the late 80's, an estimated four million more children may be of grade school age. (See Table 14.)

Total high school enrollments will continue to decline through the 80's, from about 14.3 million in 1980 to nearly 11.7 million by 1990, a decline of some 2.6 million students. (A drop of about 18.5%.) (See Table 15.)



Of direct interest to college administrators is the projected drop of high school seniors from 3,619,000 in 1980 to 2,670,000 in 1990. (A decrease of 26.2%.) (See Table 15.)

TABLE 15

U.S. HIGH SCHOOL ENROLLMENT 1980-1990

(estimated total enrollments)

Grade	1980	1985	1990
9	3,552,000	3,480,000	3,191,000
10	3,657,000	3,409,000	3,088,000
11	3,501,000	3,083,000	2,785,000
12	3,619,000	3,108,000	2,670,000
Total	14,329,000	13,080,000	11,684,000

Source: National Institute of Education, HEW



B. INDIANA POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS TO THE YEAR 2000

Introduction.

The Indiana population has undergone, and is projected to undergo, the same dynamic changes as the U.S. population. This section, and Appendix E, include detailed data to the year 2000.*

1. Overview (See Table 16 and Figure 4)

The State's population will shift significantly during the next twenty years. Among the highlights--

By the year 2000, the State's population will grow to over six million people (from 5,427,300 in 1980).

There will be a decrease in the absolute numbers of people in all of the younger age groups up to age 25, and

There will be an increase in the numbers of people in all age groups 25 years of age and older. The largest numerical increase will be in the age cohort group 35 to 54. The older population, 65 and older, will increase markedly.

The productive age group (20-64) will increase at twice the overall growth rate of the State (i.e., up 28% vs. 14% for the State as a whole) between 1975 and the year 2000.

The dependency ratio will drop $\frac{\langle 20 \text{ plus } 65+}{\langle 20 \text{ to } 65\rangle}$

NOTE: In other words there will be a higher ratio of people of productive age (20-64) to people under 20 and 65 or older.

An examination of the profiles in Figure 4 show that the 1975 population distribution was greater in all age groups under 25 and was lower in all of the older age groups, than the population distribution will be by the year 2000.

*SOURCE: Division of Research, School of Business, Indiana University, Bloomington, Indiana, and the Indiana State Board of Health, Indianapolis, Indiana.

NOTE: The illiteracy of Indiana citizens is comparatively low as shown below:

PERCENT OF THE POPULATION ILLITERATE UNITED STATES AND SELECTED MIDWESTERN STATES

	1900	1920	1930	1950	1960	1970
United States	11.3	6.5	4.8	3.3	2.4	1.2
Indiana	5.2	2.5	1.8	1.7	1.2	0.7
Illinois	4.8	3.8	2.7	2.3	1.8	0.9
Kentucky	18.1	9.4	7.3	4.3	3.3	1.6
Michigan	4.8	3.4	2.2	2.0	1.6	0.9
Ohio	4.5	3.2	2.5	1.9	1.5	0.8
Wisconsin	5.4	2.8	2.1	1.7	1.2	0.7

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SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Statistical Abstract of the United States, 1975 Edition," pg. 17.





POPULATION PROJECTIONS

POPULATION AGE STRUCTURE: 1975-2000



STATE LEVEL

(Population in Thousands)

	AGE GROUPS	1975	2000	CHANGE IN POPULATION	_	PERCENTAGE CHANGE IN POPULATION
	0-4	429.0	398.2	-30.8		-7.2%
	5-14	952.8	842.4	-110.4		-11.6%
	15-19	547.6	448.1	-99.5	W	-18.2%
¥	20-24	501.4	430.9	-70.5	A	-14.1%
A -2	25-34	701.4	800.9	99.5	A	14.2%
	² 35-54	1,146.6	1,811.5	664.9		58.0%
	55-64	479.7	569.8	90.1		18.8%
	65-74	324.1	401.6	77.5		23.9%
	75 + 218.0		357.5	139.5		64.0%
	TOTAL	5,300.6	6,061.0	760.4	•	14.3%

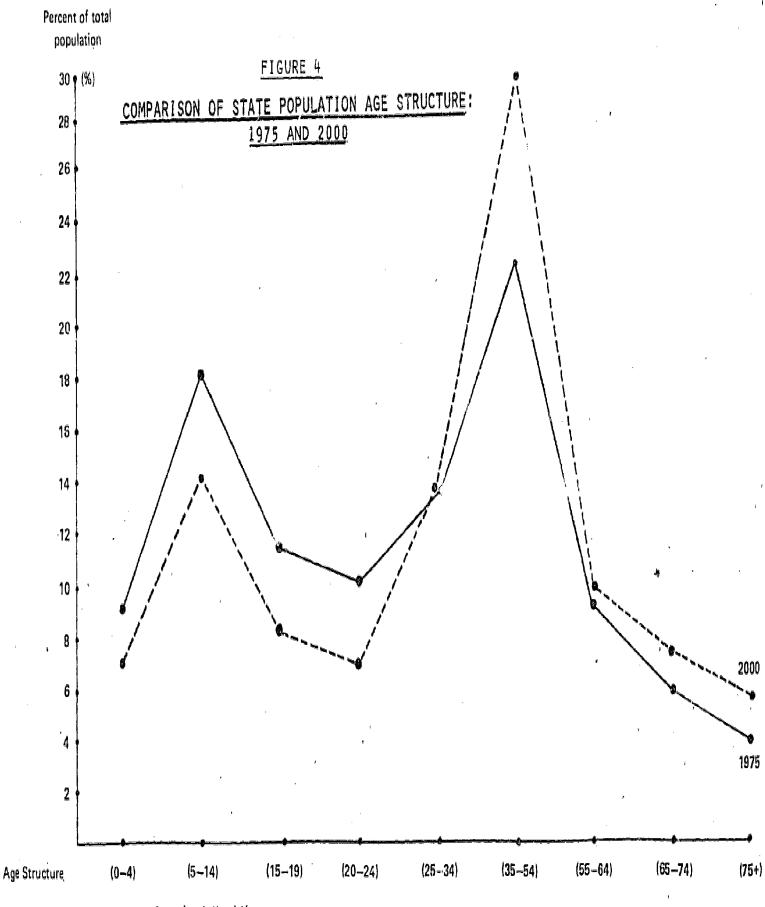
Numbers May Not Add to Totals Because of Rounding

MEDIAN, ACE

	PICUIA		
1975	28.0 YRS.	1990	32.6 YRS.
1980	29.2	1995	34.4
1985	30.8	2000	36.1

NOTE: Population changes are due primarily to post-World War II baby boom, declining birth and death rates, and out-migration for the State.

wrce: Division of Research School of Business Indiana University for the Indiana State Board of Health







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2. Some Specifics of Indiana Population Changes*

The data in Appendix E show clearly that the State of Indiana will

Have an "aging" population to the year 2000 in general as the absolute numbers of young people (<25) decrease, the numbers of older people increase.

The decline in the 0 to 4 age group will reverse in the early 80's, and will then actually grow slightly until 1990-95, after which time it will drop off again. The drop in the 5 to 9 age group will reverse in the 1985-90 period, climb very slightly, then begin falling off again in 1995.

The 10-14 group will decline to the year 1990, and pick up slightly by 1995.

The 15 to 19 group drops steadily to the year 1995, then recovers slightly by the year 2000.

The next group (20-24) peaked in 1980 and drops consistently through the year 2000; the 25-29 group peaks in 1985, then also drops off.

The 30 to 34 group grows to the year 1990, then trails off and the 35-39 group grows steadily to a peak in 1995.

Broadly speaking the older age groups will continue to grow to 1995-2000.

It is interesting to note that more males are born into the population. However, females out-number males beginning about age 25, with the differential growing more pronounced as age progresses.

3. Some Implications of Indiana Population Changes

The decline of school age children (5 to 9) until a slight reversal occurs between 1985 and 1990 will continue to affect enrollments in elementary schools. Further, high school age youth will continue to drop in absolute numbers until after 1995, which will likewise affect administrators, faculty and facilities. These data point up that colleges and universities in Indiana face the same shrinking pool of new high school graduates as does the Nation at large. (See Note on page 31 indicating the author's views of related concerns and opportunities.)

^{*}For details of Indiana population, including distribution by sex and by age cohort groups at five year intervals, for the years 1970 through 2000, see Appendix E.



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CHAPTER V PROJECTED ENROLLMENTS IN INDIANA HIGH SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES

There has been much discussion about the projected decrease in the numbers of youth during the next decade. Demographic data clearly show the population will undergo significant changes in the composition of age groups in both Indiana and the Nation. (See preceding chapter for details.) Although population projections are of great interest to educators and administrators, projections of enrollments are of more direct concern. The enrollments in public school grades through the 12th grade have been accurately depicted for some time by the Indiana Department of Public Instruction (DPI). These are presented in the next section. Also, college enrollment projection techniques have been developed so these data can also be used with some confidence as a planning base: they are also presented in this chapter.

A. INDIANA HIGH SCHOOL ENROLLMENTS AND GRADUATES

An examination of D.P.T. data in Table 17, Figure 5 and Appendix D reveals that 12th grade enrollment and numbers of public high school graduates "peaked" during 1976-77 and a significant downturn trend has begun (e.g., a decline of 1,571 graduates between the Classes of '78-79 and '79-80 and a projected decline of 1,397 between 1979-80 and '80-81). Exceptionally large declines are expected in 1982-83 (>4,000) and in 1983-84 (>5,000). The drop in high school graduates is projected to continue until the 1986-87 class, when a modest reversal occurs for three years (i.e., until 1988-89). This is followed by another sharp drop of more than 4,000 graduates in the Class of 1989-90.

The pattern of nonpublic high school graduates is somewhat erratic, but has also had a general down-trend.





TABLE 17 INDIANA HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES*

PUBLIC HIGH SCHOOLS 12th GRADE ENROLLMENT AND GRADUATES

(Actual and Projected)

		H.S. Graduates					
			Difference from				
School	12th Grade	Regular and	Praceding				
Year	Enrollment	Special Grads	Year				
1974-75	79,466	77,230	+ 1,564				
1975-76	'79,995	78,001	+ 771				
1976-77	81,026	78,636	+ 635				
1977-78	80,405	77,134	- 1,502				
1978-79	80,814	77,418	+ 284				
1979-80	78,435	75,847 <u>1</u> /	- 1,571				
10'00 01		eProjected Bel					
1980-81	76,991	74,450	- 1,397				
1981-82	76,009	73,501	- 949				
1982-83	71,763	69,395	- 4,106				
1983-84	66,549	64,353	- 5,042				
1984-85	64,441	62,314	- 2,039				
1985-86	62,445	60,384	- 1,920				
1986-87	63,198	61,112	+ 728				
1987-88	65,446	63,286	+ 2,174				
1988-89	67,203	64,985	+ 1,699				
1989-90	62,650	60,582	- 4,403				

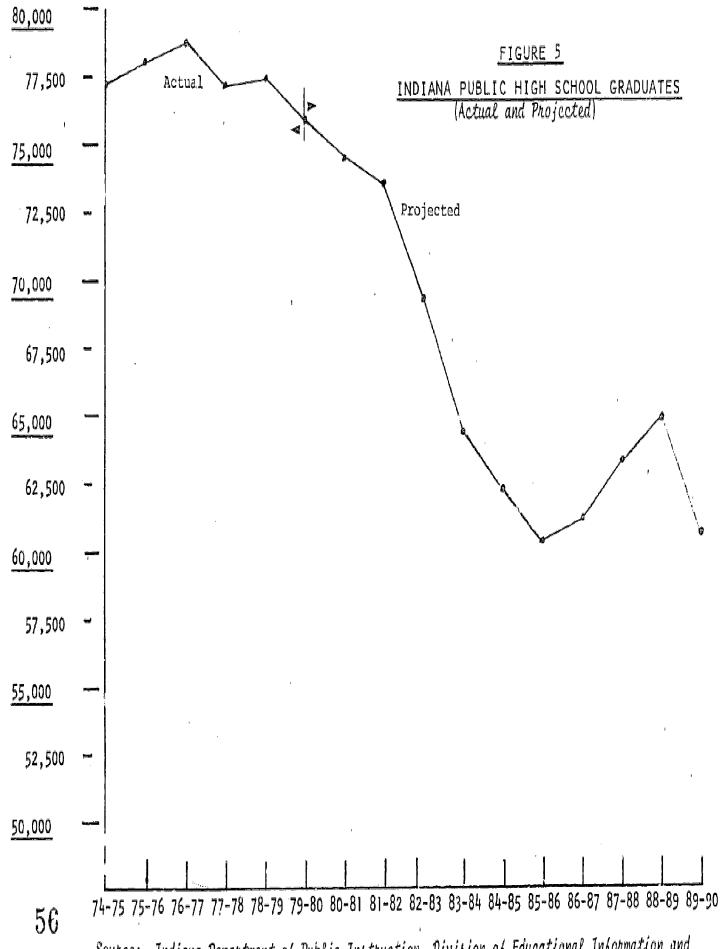
1/In process of audit
NONPUBLIC HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES

(Actual)

School -	Numbers of Graduates									
Year	Male	Female	Total	Diff. from Preceding Year						
1974-75 1975-76 1976-77 1977-78 1978-79 1979-80	3,075 2,751 2,785 2,581 2,406	2,194 1,993 2,095 2,586 2,179	5,269 4,744 4,880 5,167 4,585	+ 93 - 525 + 136 + 287 - 582						

*Source: Indiana Department of Public Instruction, Division of Educational Information and Research.





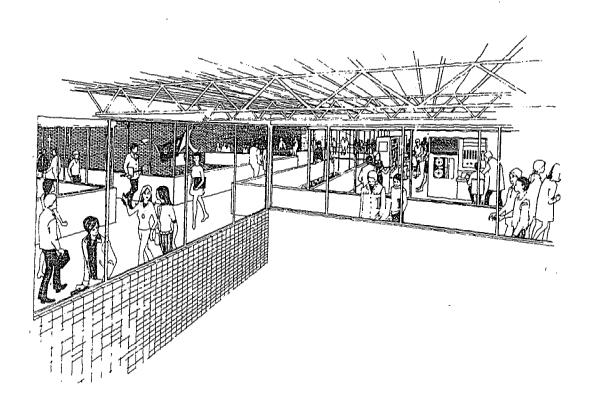
Source: Indiana Department of Public Instruction, Division of Educational Information and Research. 4 August 1980.



- B. ACTUAL AND PROJECTED ENROLIMENTS IN COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES IN INDIANA
 - 1. Undergraduate Enrollment in Private and Public Colleges and in Indiana: 1959-60 thru 1979-80*

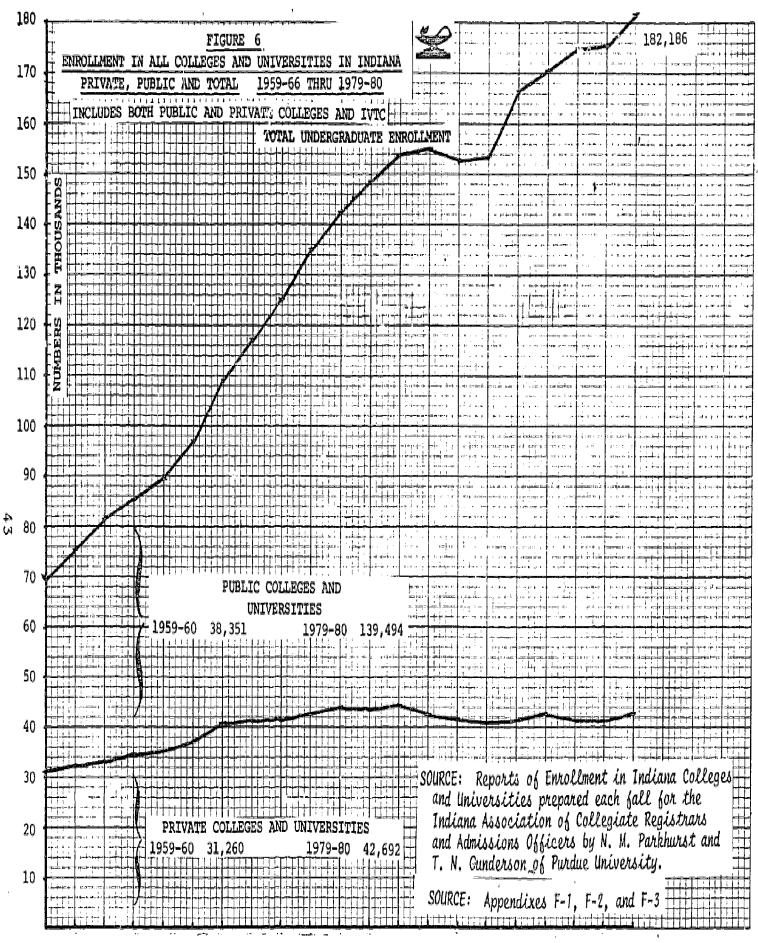
An examination of Figure 6 will reveal a steady increase in total undergraduate enrollment during the past 20 years from 69,611 in 1959-60 to 182,186 in 1979-80. This increase approximates an average of 5,625 additional undergrads per year. The rate of growth was greatest from 1959-60 thru 1971-72: since then, growth has been slower.

Practically all of this gain in enrollment was enjoyed by the public colleges and universities. Although there was some gain in private institutions' undergraduate enrollments from 1959-60 to 1969-70 from 31,260 to 44,542, the total has dropped in the last ten years to 42,692 in 1979-80.



*NOTE: See Appendixes F-1, F-2 and F-3 for enrollment details in all private and public colleges and universities in Indiana from 1950-51 thru 1979-80.





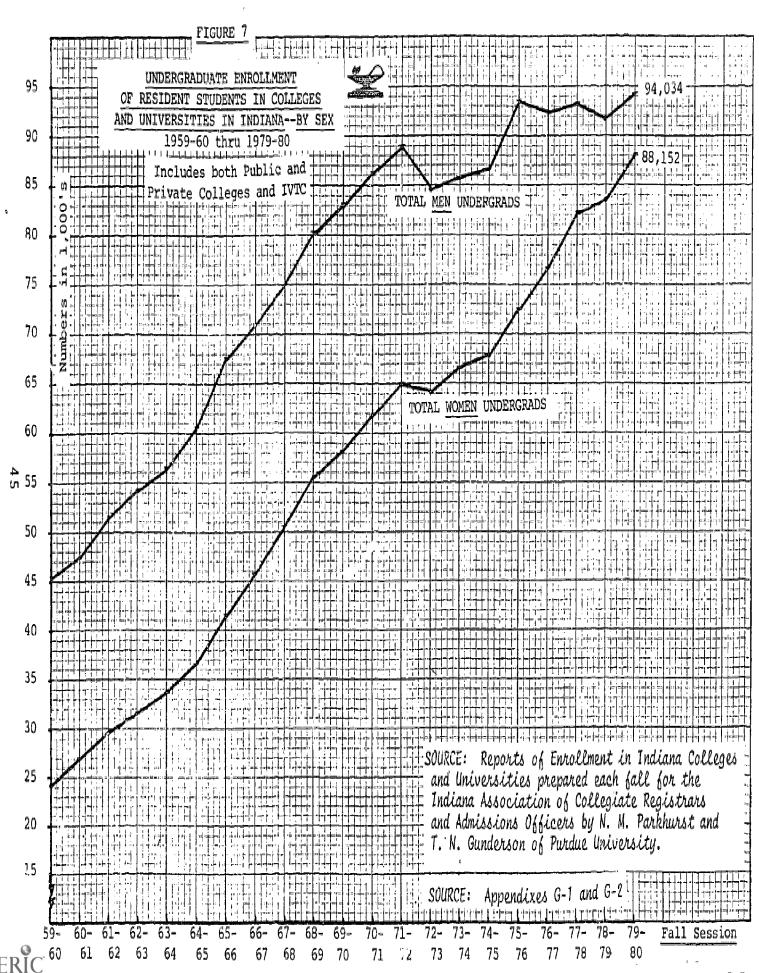
69- 60- 61- 62- 63- 64- 65- 66- 67- 68- 69- 70- 71- 72- 73- 74- 75- 76- 77- 78- 79- <u>FALL SESSION</u> 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 2. Undergraduate Enrollment of Men and Women in Private and Public Colleges and Universities in Indiana: 1959-60 thru 1979-80*

An examination of Figure 7 reveals a steady and parallel enrollment growth of both men and women from 1959-60 until 1971-72, at which time, there were 89,005 men and 65,005 women, i.e., there were 24,000 more men. Then during the next year enrollment of men decreased more than 4,000 while enrollment of women decreased less than 1,000. So 1972-73 was the turning point because since that year the enrollment of women undergraduates has increased faster than that of men-ending up in 1979-80 with 94,034 men and 88,152 women-a difference of fewer than 6,000 between the sexes. This merging of proportions is quite similar to the National scene, where the 1980 data show little or no difference in total enrollments by sex.



*NOTE: See Appendixes G-1 and G-2 for enrollment details for men and women in all private and public colleges and universities in Indiana from 1950-51 thru 1979-80.





3. Projected College Enrollments to 1995

a. Bases for Projections

Projected enrollments for colleges and universities in Indiana are based largely on consideration of the number of births eighteen years earlier than the college freshmen year. For example, the number of births eighteen years earlier dropped from 116,075 in 1975 to 112,208 in 1979, a decrease of 3,86°. (See Table 18.) During the same five year period the numbers of freshmen actually increased from 59,457 to 63,174, an increase of 3,717. This would tend to indicate an increase in the percentage of young people entering college and/or be due to net in-migration of students.

Also, between 1975 and 1979:

Total undergraduate enrollment increased from 156,496 to 161,767, an increase of 5,271.

Enrollment of Professional students increased 538.
Enrollment of students in the Other category increased 2,417.

Enrollment of Graduate students declined 4,394. The Grand total of all enrollments increased 3,832.

* $\overline{\text{NOTE:}}$ For prior years enrollment data, see Figures 6, 7, and 8 and Appendixes F-1, 2 and 3 and G-1 and G-2.

b. Projected College Enrollments to 1995

A projection of future enrollment, based on actual enrollments for the five year period from 1975 to 1979 is presented in Table 19 and is illustrated in Figure 8.

It is important to note that Indiana births eighteen years earlier than the freshman enrollment year, declined from 108,700 in 1980 to 85,144 in 1995; a decline of 23,556 for the fifteen year period. Thus the projected enrollment of freshmen to drop 10,514 between 1980 and 1995, and for total undergraduate enrollment to drop 32,397 during the same period are reasonable.

The projection in Table 19 assumed no change in the enrollment of the Other and Professional enrollment category.

It is estimated that graduate enrollment will decline from 28,245 to 25,089 by 1995, a decline of 3,156.

The grand total enrollment estimate shows a decline of 32,339 college students in Indiana during the next sixteen years.





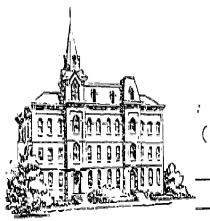


TABLE 18 ACTUAL FALL ENROLLMENT IN COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES IN INDIANA 1975-1979 (INCLUDES PUBLIC AND PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS) WITH BIRTHS 18 YEARS EARLIER

YEAR	BIRTHS*	FRESH	SOPH	JUNIOR	35.NIO3	OTHER	PROF	GRAD	TOTAL UGRAD	GRAND TO TAL
1975	116075	59457	3891)	29787	23342	15993	4661	32352	15649 ó	234499
1976	112711	59 51 2	39745	29982	28479	11335	5016	31397	157718	205466
1977	112783	59700	39517	30726	24823	12319	5191	31691	1.5876:	207361
1978	112711	58880	38554	36387	288.9	12079	5127	29528	156633	2:3364
1979	112208	63174	39162	29913	29518	13407	51 99	27958	161767	278331

^{*}Births as of 18 years earlier.

Source: Report of Enrollment in Indiana Colleges and Universities; for 1975, '76, '77, '78 and '79. For the Indiana Association of Collegiate Registrars and Admissions Officers. Prepared by N. M. Parkhurst and T. N. Gunderson, Purdue University.

NOTE: Data do not include IVTC or proprietary schools.





TABLE 19 ESTIMATED FALL ENROLLMENT IN COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES IN INDIANA (INCLUDES PUBLIC AND PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS) (1980-1995)

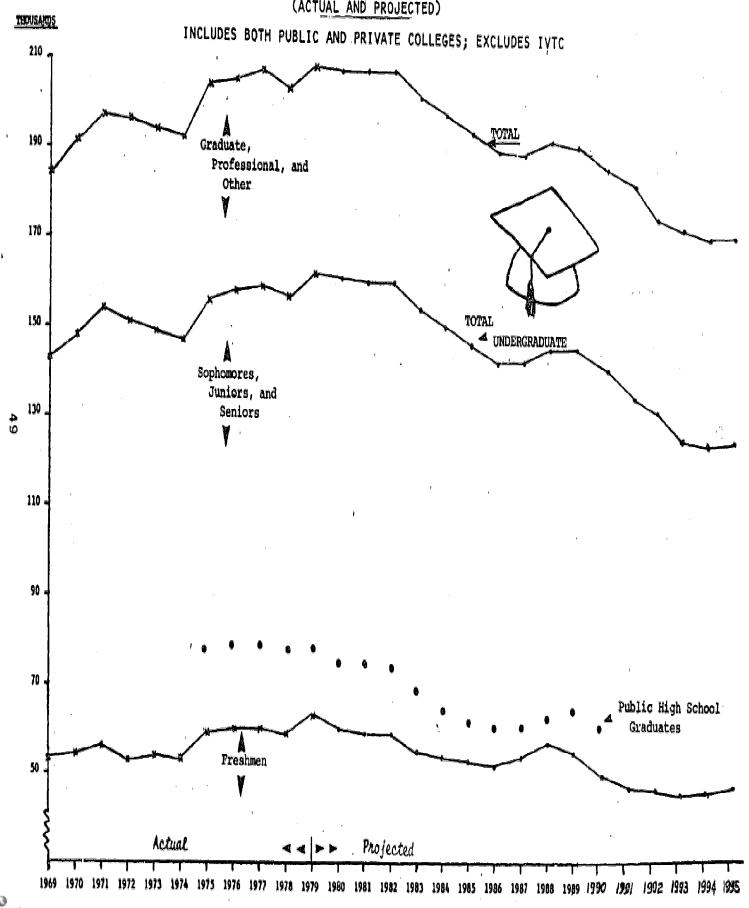
	YEAR	BIRTHS	FRESH	SOPH	JUNIOR	SENICR	OTHER	PROF	GRAU	TOTAL	GRANO TOTAL
	1980	108766	59998	41748	30236	28616	13407	5199	28245	160598	207449
,	1981	106956	59476	39649	32232	28925	13407	5199	28278	160282	207166
	1932	105962	59295	39304	3° 612	31834	13407	5199	28363	160045	206954
	1983	98075	55178	39185	30345	29285	13407	5199	28798	153993	231397
4. 00	1984	95658	54071	36464	30253	29029	13407	5199	28741	149817	197164
	1985	93619	53136	35732	28153	28941	13407	5199	28842	145962	19341:
	1986	91511	52128	35114	27587	26932	13407	5199	28846	141761	189213
	1987	93795	53601	34448	27110	26391	13407	5199	27893	141550	188049
	1988	99379	56956	35422	26596	25934	13407	5199	27186	144908	190 700
	1989	95499	54879	37639	27348	25443	13407	5199	26430	145304	193347
	1990	871 4 ^	50188	36263	290 60	26162	13407	5199	25575	141673	185854
	1991	83882	48415	33166	27997	27800	13407	5199	25387	137378	181371
	1992	83240	48138	31994	25606	26183	13407	5199	25731	132521	176858
	1993	82397	47736	31811	24701	24475	13437	5199	25939	128744	173289
	1994	806,48	46800	31546	24560	23630	13437	5199	25707	126536	173847
	1995	851,44	49484	30927	24355	23495	13457	5199	25089	128261	171956

Source: Betty M. Suddarth and Lavonne Love, Office of the Registrar, Purdue University, October 10, 1979. 65

ERIC: Data do not include Ivy Tech or proprietary schools.

FIGURE 8 COLLEGE AND UNIVERSITY ENROLLMENTS IN INDIANA

(ACTUAL AND PROJECTED)



3. <u>In and Out-Migration of College Students</u>, 1958, 1963, 1968 & 1975 (See Table 20)

A net gain in the migration of first-time college students into Indiana is reported for these four separate points in time for which data are available. Indiana gained an average of about 4,000 students in 1958, '63 and '68. The net gain however dropped significantly in 1975 to slightly over 2,000: this was due to an increase of student out migration from about four thousand in 1963 and 1968 to over seven thousand in 1975.

NOTE: Data are needed for 1980 to determine if a down trend has begun.



TABLE 20

Residence and Migration of First-Time College Students Into and Out of Indiana

	Students Enrolled $\frac{1}{}$	Student Residents <u>2</u> /	Students Remaining 3/	Out Of	igration Into	Net
1958	22,286	18,283	15,270	3,013	7,016 + 4	,003
1963	26,654	- 22,515	18,801	3,714	7,853 + 4	,139
1968	37,076	32,531	27,816	4,715	9,260 + 4	,545
1975	46,401	44,283	36,770	7,513	9,631 + 2	,118

 $[\]frac{1}{T}$ Total number of new enrollees in all colleges and universities in Indiana from all sources.

Sources: For 1958 data "Home State and Migration of American College Students, Fall 1958", American Association of Collegiate Registrars and Admissions Officers.

For 1963 data "Residence and Migration of College Students, Fall 1963", U.S. Department of Health, Education and Welfare.

For 1968 data "Residence and Migration of College Students, Fall 1968 Analytic Report" NCES.

For 1975 data "Migration of College Students 1975", Preliminary Analysis, NCES.



 $[\]frac{2}{2}$ Total number of Indiana students enrolled both in-state and out-of-state.

 $[\]frac{3}{I}$ Indiana students enrolled in colleges and universities in Indiana.

COLLEGE BOARD ADMISSIONS TESTING PROGRAM INDIANA AND NATIONAL COMPARISONS

Introduction

Approximately one million high school students in each graduating class participate in the Admissions Testing Program (ATP) of the College Board. It is through this program students take the Scholastic Aptitude Test (SAT). Presumably nearly all students who do so intend to apply to one or more colleges that require, or accept, SAT scores as part of the admissions process. During the past 15 years many additional institutions have required the SAT, but some (e.g., the City University of New York and Bowdoin) have dropped the requirement of SAT. Further many others accept either the SAT or the American College Testing Program Test (ACT) for admission. The ACT test results for admission. It is clear that these changes and variations have an effect on the composition of the group taking the SAT.

Wherever group data are available there is a tendency to make comparisons between and among groups. To do so, among other things, one must consider how representative the population taking the test is of the total class, or total group of college-bound seniors from a given class, school system, or state. For example, in some schools, almost all seniors participate in ATP; in other schools, a significant number of students do not plan to go to college, but almost all of the college-bound seniors participate in ATP; and in still others, only a small number of the college-bound seniors participate in the program. Such variance makes direct comparisons questionable In any comparison, across states for example, similar representativeness of each group is the most critical element if valid comparisons are to be made. It must be borne in mind that student participation in the ATP varies widely among states because of such factors as college entrance requirements, college attendance patterns, and even the scope of college guidance programs within the high schools.

A. ATP/SAT COMPARISONS FOR MIDWESTERN STATES AND NATION

Table 21 and Figure 9 consisting of Midwestern states demonstrate rather convincingly that as the proportion of students participating in either testing program increases, the verbal and math scores tend to decrease correspondingly. Although the college-bound percentage in the table is the best estimate based on extrapolated data from the National Center for Education Statistics, the data tend to support the contention that major differences in measured aptitude tend to be more similar than dissimilar when proportional comparisons are made. However, even when proportions are similar it does not insure that similar students are being compared but this is more likely to be the case when corresponding populations are similar.

5/Vistribution of SAT Scores to Colleges as an Indicator of Changes in the SAT Candidate Population by Wm B. Schrader. Advisory Panel on the Scholastic Aptitude Score Decline. Sponsored by the College Board and Educational Testing Service. Sept. 1976.

Guidelines for Comparative Use of Admissions Testing Program Information. Undated. Prepared by The College Board, Midwest Office, 500 Davis St., Evanston, IL 60201. (Received by the author in July of 1980.)



The data in Table 21 show that Indiana seniors who took the ATP test in 1979-80 scored 407 on the Verbal and 450 on the Math parts. These scores were the lowest of the Midwestern states, and were also lower than the National averages of 424 Verbal and 466 Math. However, an examination of Table 21 shows that the estimated proportion of Indiana college-bound seniors who take the ATP (SAT) is nearly three times larger than the next state; i.e., 106% for Indiana vs. 36% for Ohio. (The reason that Indiana exceeded 100% is that more high school seniors took the test than were estimated would go to college.) It is clear that such a wide variance makes any direct comparison between Indiana and other Midwestern states highly questionable. (Also, see Figure 9.) Accordingly, one cannot conclude from these data that the performance of Indiana high school seniors is lower than that of seniors of other states—or for that matter—of the Nation.

B. ATP, PSAT/NMSQ COMPARISONS OF MIDWESTERN STATES AND NATION

An examination of the Preliminary Scholastic Aptitude Test/National Merit Scholarship Qualifying Test (PSAT/NMSQT) results in Table 21 shows that although the proportion of Indiana college-bound students again exceed those of the Midwestern states, the proportions are closer--and so are the test results. In fact, Indiana's PSAT scores are slightly higher in Math and are nearly the same in Verbal as the National averages, despite a higher proportion of Indiana students taking the test. In fact, Indiana pretty well matches the performance of Michigan students. (See Figure 10.)

The data in Table 21 are taken from the 1979-80 test results (latest available). To further strengthen the thesis presented above, an examination of the PSAT/NMSQ scores in Table 21 will reveal that Indiana students have generally scored higher than National averages in their Math tests since 1974-75 (first year these comparative data were available), and nearly as high in Verbal tests, despite a much higher proportion of Indiana students taking the tests.

Accordingly, because comparisons of PSAT/NMSQ data are more appropriate (i.e., proportions taking tests are closer), and results are consistent over time, one may conclude that Indiana students' test averages are as good as the National averages, and they are very competitive with other Midwestern states as well.

C. COLLEGE BOARD TREND DATA

There has been a trend for the SAT and PSAT/NMSQ test scores to decline over the past decade. (See Table 22.) This has been true of both National and Indiana averages, where rates of decline are quite comparable. Many reasons for this decline have been advanced: however, inasmuch as there has been no significant change in the proportions of estimated college-bound students who take these *ests, this factor can be ruled out as a cause for the drop in test scores.



TABLE 21 COLLEGE BOARD ADMISSIONS TESTING PROGRAM RESULTS 1979-80 MIDWESTERN STATES AND NATIONAL

State	ATT Proportion of College Bound	SAT Verbal	SAT Math	State	PSAT/NMSQT Proportion of College Bound	PSAT Verbal	PSAT Math
Indiana Ohio Michigan Missouri Illinois Wisconsin W. Virginia Minnesota Nebraska Kansas S. Dakota Iowa N. Dakota	106% 36% 32% 25% 25% 19% 18% 11% 9% 5% 5%	407 455 452 458 459 472 462 491 484 497 508 499	450 499 505 503 507 533 499 544 539 551 554	Indiana Minnesota Michigan Ohio Missouri Illinois Nebraska W. Virginia Kansas Wisconsin S. Dakota Iowa N. Dakota	95% 82% 80% 76% 71% 69% 60% 53% 50% 50% 36% 35%	39.6 40.9 39.6 40.9 41.2 39.8 40.6 41.2 41.4 42.6 43.1 44.2 43.1	45.4 47.5 46.0 46.3 47.5 47.5 47.5 49.7 51.3
NATIONAL	64%	424	466	NATIONAL	79%	40.3	45.3

NOTE: ATP is the Admissions Testing Program of the College Board.

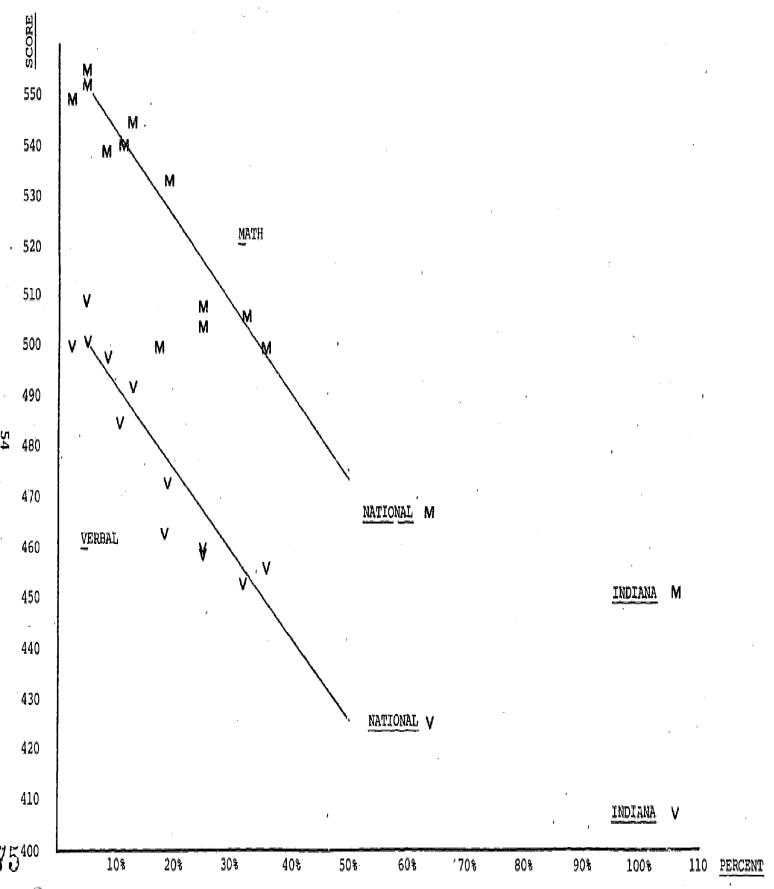
SAT is the Scholastic Aptitude Test, a part of the ATP program, usually taken by high school seniors, and

PSAT/NMSQT is the Preliminary Scholastic Aptitude Test/National Merit Scholarship Qualifying Test usually taken by high school juniors.





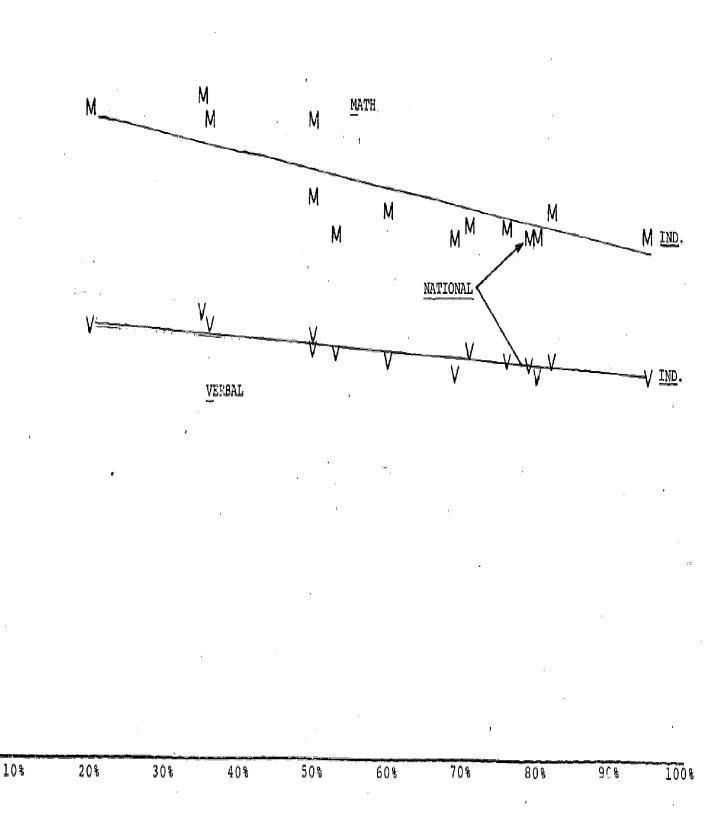
FIGURE 9 COMPARISON OF 1979-80 SAT VERBAL AND MATH SCORE AVERAGES FOR MIDWESTERN STATES AND THE NATION SAT V&M SCORES PLOTTED VS. PROPORTION OF COLLEGE BOUND SENIORS



JPL

FIGURE 10 COMPARISON OF 1979-80 PSAT/NMSQT VERBAL AND MATH SCORE AVERAGES FOR MIDWESTERN STATES AND THE NATION

PSAT/NMSQT V&M SCORES PLOTTED VS. PROPORTION OF COLLEGE BOUND STUDENTS



SCORE

50

45

40

35

30

T (n

COLLEGE BOARD TREND DATA ADMISSIONS TESTING PROGRAM INDIANA AND NATIONAL

,			C	SAT OLLEGE BOUND			Estima	tes as % of ted College
		/erbal] 	Math		lidates		Population
Year	IND.	National	IND.	National	IND.	National	IND.	National_
1971-72	435	453	471	484	39,362	1,022,820		• .
1972-73	429	445	470	481	35,644	1,014,853		
1973-74	423	444	469	480	34,253	985,115		
1974-75	418	434	463	472	35,883	996,428	113%	66%
1975-76	415	431	460	472	37,329	999,829	115%	68%
1976-77	412	429	458	470	38,296	979,344	137%	67%
1977-78	413	429	457	468	37,357	989,307	114%	66%
1978-79	412	427	455	467	37,682	991,765	111%	63%
1979-80	407	424	450	466	37,262	991,514	106%	64%
1980-81	(N	lot availab	le)					
	·				4		 	

PSAT/NMSQT COLLEGE BOUND JUNIORS INDIANA AND NATIONAL

				Estimated College		
-	Verbal	Math	<u>Candidates</u>	Bound Population		
Year IN	D. National	IND. National	IND. National	IND. National		
1971-72	42.2	45.2	30,857 1,072,309			
1972-73	42.7	46.9	30,6 9 9 1,039,387			
1973-74	41.8	45.5	30,369 1,052,523			
1974-75 41	.4 41.6	46.6 45.9	30,133 1,079,769	95% 79%		
1975-76 40	.6 41.0	45.9 45.5	30,905 1,098,035	95% 69%		
1976-77 39	.9 40.5	45.4 45.0	31,684 1,106,128	113% 81%		
1977-78 39	.0 39.9	44.2 44.2	33,184 1,137,017	101% 81%		
1978-79 39	.3 40.6	44.4 44.8	32,519 1,120,931	96% 72%		
1979-80 39	.6 40.3	45.4 45.3	31,764 1,115,819	95% 79%		
1980-81	(Not availab	le)				



APPENDIX A

INDIANA CONFERENCE OF HIGHER EDUCATION

SURVEY OF HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES
AS NEW ENROLLES IN
COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES
IN INDIANA

DEGREE CREDIT ENROLLMENT OF NEW RESIDENT AND EXTENSION STUDENTS

INCLUDES BOTH FULL-TIME AND PART-TIME STUDENTS IN PUBLIC AND PRIVATE COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES IN INDIANA FOR ACADEMIC YEAR 1979-80

Nam	e of	Institution	Address
Per	son	completing form (Name & Title)	Phone
1.	tim	er the total number of <u>new</u> enrol e in college) who entered your i demic year* who	lees (head-count of beginnersfirst nstitution any time during the 1979-80
	Α.	Graduated** from Indiana high s (i.e., in December 1978 or Janu	chools during the last academic year ary 1979 or May/June 1979)
i Və	В.	Graduated** from Indiana high s last year's class	——————————————————————————————————————
s .	c.	Came from any source other than out-of-state or foreign student	Indiana high schools (e.g., s)
2.	The	total number of new enrollees r	eported above (Total of IA, B & C)
	clud arte		academic year (two semesters or three
		all Indiana high school graduate h G.E.D.T. equivalency examination	s including those who earned diplomas

Thank you for your cooperation! We will share the Statewide results with you. Individual institution's data will be kept confidential.

Please return completed survey to Dr. J. P. Lisack, Director, Office of Manpower Studies, Purdue University, SCC-A, West Lafayette, Indiana 47907. Phone: 317+494-8579.



APPENDIX B.

1977 HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES, INCLUDING THOSE WHO ARE COLLEGE-BOUND

(FULL-TIME, DEGREE J.REDIT), BY STATE

		BY STATE	Estimated Proportion	\Estimate	
		High School Gladuates*		of High School Graduates	of High School Graduates
	Male	Female	Total	Who Are	Who Are
Middle Atlantic Region	maio	romaie	iotai	College Bound*	- conede ponua
Delaware	4,696	4,868	9,564	.56	5,300
District of Columbia	3,029	3,706	6,735	.68	4,600
Maryland	29,906	32,597	62,505	.45	26 100
New Jersey New York	55,368	58,126	113,494	.60	68,700
Pennsylvania	126,000 94,400	129,100 95,200	255,100	.66	167,100
TOTAL	313,399	323,597	189,600 636,996	.44 .56	84,000 357,800
Midwestern Region					
Illinois	80,420	85,620	166,040	.55 🛦	91,000
Indiana 🚣 Icwa	40,437	40,969	81,406	.43	35,200
Kansas	23,501 17,259	24,219	47,720	.58	27,700
Michigan	73,774	17,957 76,388	35,216	.54 .41	19,100
Minnesota	36,024	37,142	150,162 73,166	.51	60,800 37,500
Missouri	36,423	36,048	72,471	.43	30,800
Nebraska	12,938	13,129	26,067	.56	14,700
North Dakota	5,742	5,897	11,639	.78	9,100
Ohio	85,856	88,364	174,220	.43	75,000
South Dakota	6,098	5,995	12,093	.51	6,200
West Virginia Wisconsin	12,712	12,807	25.519	.41	10,300
TOTAL	38,613 469,79 7	40,754 485,289	79,367 955,086	.53 .48	42,000 459,400
New England Region	•				
Connecticut	22,563	24,922	47,485	.64	30,500
Maine	8,510	8,695	17,205	.44	7,600
Massachusetts	44,693	45,693	90,386	.61	55,200
New Hampshire Rhode Island	7,204 6,163	7,273 6,633	14,477	.48	6,900
Vermont	4,014	4,085	12,796 8,099	.66 ,44	8,500
TOTAL	93,147	97,301	190,448	.59	3,600 112,300
Rocky Mountain Region					
Colorado	19,185	19,462	38,647	.48	18,400
Montana Utah	6,415	6,413	12,828	.48	6,200
Wyoming	10,162 3,045	10,139 2,916	20,301 5,961	.50 .57	10,100
TOTAL	. 38,807	38,930	77,737	.49	3,400 38,100
Southern Region	•				
Alabama	24,350	26,413	50,736	.56	28,200
Fìorida Georgia	46,252	48,885	95,137	.45	42,800
Kentucky	32,198 22,752	34,036	66,234	.41	27,400
Louisiana	27,046	23,003 30,173	45,755 57,219	.43 .47	19,600
Mississippi	14,902	16,737	31,639	.72	26,900 22,900
North Carolina	25,610	38,536	74,146	.60	44,200
South Carolina	19,726	21,054	40,780	.63	25,900
Tennessee	26,808	27,482	54,290	.46	25,000
Virginia TOTAL	33,884 203,528	36,854 303,173	70,738 586,701	.45 .50	31,900 294,800
Southwestern Region					,
Arkansas	14,234	14,294	28,528	.52	14,900
New Mexico	9,231	9,657	18,888	.44	8,300
Oklahoma	20,063	19,414	39,477	.53	20,900
Texas TOTAL	84,785 128,313	84,789 128,154	169,574 256,467	.49 .50	83,600 127,700
Western Region					
Alaska	2,342	2,284	4,626	.62	2,900
Arizona	14,810	14,413	29,223	.35	10,200
Californ	140,591	147,552	288,143	.41	118,800
Hawaii Idaho	6,790	6,847	13,637	.47	6,400
Nevada	6,691 4,101	6,538 4.191	13,229	.51	6,800
Oregon	4,101 13,889	4,191 16,369	8,292 32,258	.41 .62	3,400
Washington	26,271	27.605	53,876	.44	20,000 23,600
TOTAL "	217,485	225,799	443,284	.43 🛦	192,100
GRAND TOTAL	1,544,476	1,602,243	3,146,719	.50	1,582,200

^{*}Source: National Center for Education Statistics, Digest of Educational Strustics 1978-79 (Washington, D.C.: Government Printing Office, 1979).

^{**}Estimated Proportion of H.S. Graduates Who Are College Bound was reported as Appendix B in the COLLEGE GUIDE TO THE ATP SUMMARY REPORTS, Admissiors Testing Program of the College Board, 1979.



Table 9. EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT OF PERSONS 18 YEARS OLD AND OVER, FOR REGIONS, DIVISIONS, AND STATES: 1970 AND 1976

(Numbers in thousands)

	·			e of sch	s in thou			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Perce	nt high s	chool gra	duate	
		Ē1	ntary					 	18 t		25 yeu		
Region, division, and State	Total,		ool	H11/h	school	Col	loge	Wedian school	years		and		
	18 years and over	O to 4	5 to 8	l to J years	years	l to 3 years	4 years or more	years completed	Hale	Fomale	Male.	Fema 1	
1976											,		
All Races													
United States	146,349	4,928	20,621	23,337	52,696	24,382	20,385	12.5	70.2	79.7	64:1	63. 5	
Northeast	34,465	888	4,863	5,652	12,634	5,254	5,174	12.5	81.4	81.3	64.3	63.4	
New England Maine, New Hampahire, Vermont Massachusetts Rhode Island, Connecticut	8,461 727 562 320 4,046 645 2,162	1 04 9 6 3 98 22 46	1,075 204 76 50 453 106 295	1,351 122 84 43 571 118 312 4,401	3,076 282 204 117 1,505 212 757	1,469 112 105 56 739 90 367 3,786	1,406 99 86 50 680 96 395	12.6 12.5 12.6 12.5 12.6 12.4 12.6	81.3 80.7 73.3 83.0 84.3 75.3 78.8 81.4	81.6 79.0 82.0 83.3 82.6 76.2 35.0	68.1 64.1 67.9 64.6 70.1 61.4 68.3	67.1 65.6 69.6 69.1 56.1	
New York New York New Jersey Pennsylvania	26,004 .2,713 5,040 8,250	704 380 138 186	3,789 1,746 716 1,326	2,166 840 1,395	4,328 1,854 3,376	2,062 741 993	2,030 752 985	12.5 12.4 12.6	81.3 78.9 83.0	78.5 81.3 85.3	64.4 64.1 60.5	62.6 62.5 60.5	
North Central	39,067	713	5,593	6,064	15,577	6,208	4,911	12.5	80.7	82.2	64.7	65.8	
East North Central Ohio	27,685 7,261 3,571 7,566 6,159 3,129	545 123 68 199 111 44	3,782 950 492 1,147 711 473	4,619 1,263 618 1,216 1,109 413	11,010 3,120 1,505 2,051 2,436 1,299	4,290 96, 494 1,316 1,016 502	3,439 834 394 1,037 776 398	12.4 12.4 12.4 12.5 12.5 12.5	79.7 79.7 51.6 78.5 79.6 80.6	81.1 80.1 80.4 80.3 82.3 83.6	64.0 64.4 63.9 63.7 66.5	65.1 65.7 63.2 62.4 67.3 68.3	
est North Central Minnesota Missouri Nerth Dakota South Dakota Nebraska Kansas	11,382 2,637 1,942 3,314 417 457 1,046 1,569	168 30 18 82 7 5 10	1,811 386 287 616 86 90 141 206	1,445 311 233 493 43 47 118	4,567 1,104 838 1,258 143 171 420 633	1,919 456 318 474 88 92 207 285	1,471 350 248 391 51 52 150 229	12.5 12.5 12.5 12.4 12.5 12.5 12.6 12.6	82.9 82.6 84.9 77.2 85.7 87.1 87.0	84.7 87.6 84.8 77.4 89.0 90.1 90.0 86.9	65.7 67.6 67.6 61.7 57.7 60.3 70.1 69.6	67.5 70.5 71.1 60.8 66.4 67.8 71.7	
uth	46,780	2,623	7,686	8,142	15,286	7,048	5,996	12.3	72.2	75.2	58.3	56.	
Nouth Atlantic, Delaware Maryland District of Columbia Virginis West Virginis North Carolina South Carolina Georgis Florida	23,484 394 2,776 504 3,429 1,271 3,748 1,871 3,319 6,171	1,163 7 59 18 157 63 240 129 264	3,742 46 356 69 490 315 705 310 534	4,077 66 436 86 579 215 732 363 573 1,028	7,649 143 976 138 1,089 418 1,099 606 1,374 2,104	3,589 70 433 79 551 143 528 267 466 1,052	3,263 61 516 114 563 117 444 195 409	12.4 12.5 12.6 12.6 12.4 12.1 12.2 12.2 12.3 12.4	72.4 78.7 77.2 69.4 68.0 72.7 66.8 69.5 76.0 75.3	76.0 82.8 79.0 77.6 79.1 72.7 73.7 74.6 71.5 77.0	59.6 67.0 68.4 62.5 62.4 49.3 50.2 53.7 57.3	58.6 66. 66.4 61.5 61.5 53.4 53.6 53.6	
East South Contral Kentucky Tennosseo Alabama Miscissippi	9,198 2,307 2,921 2,442 1,527	697 132 187 167 121	1,200 548 621 431 300	1,701 397 508 489 307	2,854 728 906 802 417	1,172 270 352 303 207	964 231 307 251 175	12.1 12.1 12.2 12.2 12.1	67.2 72.1 70.0 60.8 64.0	71.6 69.1 73.7 73.2 68.7	50.6 49.1 51.8 52.9 47.2	51. 49. 50. 53.	
West South Central Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoms Teras	14,099 1,473 2,459 1,875 8,292	852 88 214 54 497	2,044 280 418 291 1,055	2,364 277 395 300 1,393	4,783 519 806 686 2,771	2,287 175 344 324 1,444	1,758 134 283 220 1,132	12.4 12.2 12.3 12.4 12.4	74.7 69.0 72.5 82.5 74.5	76.3 73.0 76.1 82.6 75.6	61.1 54.1 55.0 52.5 63.8	57. 52. 53. 61. 59.	
West	26,036	704	2,478	3,479	9,199	5,871	4,305	12.7	81.3	81.6	73.2	72.	
Mountain	6,490 506 547 255 1,735 750 1,528 758 411	143 6 8 3 23 43 51 5	630 66 61 23 150 98 154 42	892 67 87 36 208 116 214 103 61	2,374 195 204 101 638 250; 534 285 167	1,389 100 113 54 381 128 34 190	133	12.7 12.6 12.6 12.6 12.5 12.5 12.5 12.6	81.2 83.1 82.1 85.1 82.2 73.2 79.6 85.4 80.9	81.9 84.5 80.6 84.6 83.8 75.0 80.0 85.6 82.4	72.9 67.5 68.6 71.5 77.0 63.8 72.0 79.8 75.6	72. 71. 69. 73. 76. 63. 69. 77.	
Pacific	29,547 2,417 1,607 14,741 216	561 25 17 482 6 31	1,848 228 160 1,335 14 61	2,587 320 215 1,966 24 61	6,825 944 616 4,984 86 196	4,483 512 350 3,450 48 122	38	12.7 12.7 12.7 12.7 12.7 12.7	81.4 82.0 85.1 80.4 81.4 90.4	81.0 84.0 83.2 30.6 83.5 86.0	73.3 73.8 72.4 73.4 79.4 70.7	72.0 75.0 74.0 71.0 78.0 56.0	



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Table 9. EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT OF PERSONS 18 YEARS OLD AND OVER, FOR REGIONS, DIVISIONS, AND STATES:: 1970 AND 1976—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

			Yes	ra of ac	ասու և ա շտագր	leted		T	Perc	ont high :	chool gra	ohiate
Bogrous division, in Conte	Total.		nentary shoul	High	school	Col	llugo	Median		n 24 4 nH	4101	ire old over
•	18 years	0 to 4	5 to 8	1 to 3		1 -	4 years	school years completed	Male	remale:	Mate	Female
			11 713133 NO.									
•		ļ							ĺ			
All for a		ĺ										
Unite a States,	133,384	4,385	26,196	26,272	44,189	17,184	13,157	12.2	70,9	71,8	91.9	92.8
Set throsty, a consequences	12,980	1,354	6,551	6,448	11,317	3,805	3,484	12.2	72,8	76.8	92.6	51,2
Now England	7,880	278	1,407	1,475		1,075	892	12.3	73.9	78.7	95.1	57,7
Maine	147 483	17 10	127	132 67	23H 174	85	49 48	12.2	69,3 73,4	72.0	14.0 55,9	57.2 #1.1
Acront	287	6	58	48	100	45	30	12.3	74,1	80.0	51.4	#il) , ii
Massachusetts Rhode Island	3,80a 648	138	136	700 147	1,364	540 72	453	12.3 12.1	75,3 73,2	81.1 74.8	57.3 46.2	59.5 46.5
Connecticut	2,010	77	382	362		263	256	12.3	73.2	77.6	56.8	7.2
Middle Atlantic	25,100	-,076	5,145	4,973	8,584	2,730	2,591	12,2	72.4	76.2	51.5	01.8
Now Jork	12,380 4,782	582 202	2,450	2,420 937		1,484	1,400 533	12.2 12.2	71.4 ⁻ 71.2	75.4 75.2	52.9 52.9	52.5 52.7
Pennsylvania	7,938	292	1,715	1,615	2,925	731	658	12.1	74.7	78.0	69.0	511 H
with Central	16,683	1,114	7,522	6,972	13,228	4,557	3,291	12.2	71,6	76.7	57,5	54,11
hast North Central	26,013	836	5,138	5,287	9,376	3,069	2,307	12.2	72.2	75.5	42.1	53.7
Ohio,.,.,	6,907 3,349	21 0 95	,1,284 668	1,496 698	2,579 1,269	77.7 359	593 259	12.2 12.2	71.2 70.8	74.8 72.8	92.4 52.9	54.0 51.0
filinois	7,310	265	1,540	1,396	2,473	925	711	12.2	72.7	75.6	52.9	52.1
Michigan	5,616 2,830	185 81	1,915 630	1,244 453	2,005 1,052	678 360	488 255	12.2	71.4	74.8	51.2	54.2
heat North Central	10,670	278	2,384	1,685	3,852	1,488	984	12.2	76.9 77.1	81.8 79.6	52.1	56.7 57.2
Minneaota	2,419	51	5 2 5	344	0.44	356	249	12.3	80.1	84.3	54.4	60.5
lowa	1,847 3,119	32 119	380 790	286 559	1,023	249 361	1 57 267	12.3 12.1	77.5	79.7	55.8	61.8
North Dakota	390	14	112	137	118	70	31	12.2	72.8 80.4	74.6 82.4	48.5	49,0 54.8
South Dakota Sebranka	423 974	10	112	57	140	69	34	12.2	77.7	78.8	47.9	58,5
Капана,	1,499	21 31	188 273	153 241	375 559	149 234	88 157	12.3	78.9 78.2	81.0	50.2 58.5	61.1
onth,,	40,878	3,110	8,985	8,781	11,559	4,761	3,682	11.9	64.7	67.2	44.9	45.3
South Atlantic	20,196 351	1,366 11	4,322 59	4,411 76	5,800 122	2,350	1,946	12.0	65.3	68.6	45.7	46.5
Waryland	2,539	99	498	517	794	41 305	323	12.2	72.7	75,7 74,2	54.8 52.4	55.2 52.3
District of Columbia	532	24	84	113	153	/4	85	12.3	68.5	75,1	53.9	56.2
Virginia	1,160	197 75	652 340	627 213	363 350	372 109	343 73	12.1	65.7	69.1	46.5	48, 9 42, 5
North Carolina	3,315	276	770	823	846	346	253	11.2	61.7	66.5	37.3	39,5
South Carolina	1,630 2,941	165 273	369 6 12	400 596	402 759	164 319	130 252	11.1	62.5	61.9 65.1	18.0 41.6	37.6 39.7
Florida	4,675	245	909	944	1,510	621	446	12.2	68.7	70,3	52.0	53.0
Fant South Cen	8,268	727	2,163	1,678	2,278	830	5 93	11.2	61.5	64.7	40.2	41.1
Tennassee	2,101	211	647	379. 500	734	196 267	143 190	10.9	62.3	65.3 67.0	37.5 41.1	34.5 42.3
Alabama,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	2,207	202	505	506	624	212	158	11.4	60.7	63.4	41.6	41.0
Mississippi	1,368	146	320	294	352	155	102	11.2	58.3	61.3	40.3	41,5
West South Central	12,414	1,017	2,500	2,692	3,481	1,581	1,143	12.0 11.1	65.8	66.8 65.7	46.6 39.4	46,0 40,4
Louisians	2,248	248	500	453	615	243	188	11.5	62.7	66.4	42.5	41.7
Okluhosa,	1,719 7,181	83 570	350	334 1,641	1,963	241 974	161 714	12.2	73.3 65.5	73.3 65.6	51.5 48.0	51.7 46.9
*NE	22,842	807	3,138	4,071	8,065	4,061	2,701	12.4	71.8	73.2	61.9	62,6
Mountain	5,216	187	764	1.29	1,843	893	600	12.4	75.3	75.3	60.3	62.2
Kontana	441 448	11 9	84 75	72 86	156 161	74 77	44	12.3	76.1	76.3	55.6	62.7 81.5
Wyczning	212	5	32	38	79	36	23	12.3	74.2 76.2	73.4 75.0	57.4	65.7
Colorado	1,430	39	200 97	237 112	515 197	249 88	191	12.5	77.1	1.9	62.9 55.4	64.8 58.9
Ar12084,	1,124	51	183	200	375	181	127	12.3	73.1	71.4	57.8	58.4
Vtah	634 318	12	36	120	232 129	135	76 31	12.5 12.4	78.2 76.3	80.8 73.9	64.5	67.3 65.9
Pacific	17,627	620	2,374	3,142	6,221	3.168	2,101	12.4	/5.9	77.8	62.4	62.7
Washington	2,248 1,393	29	314	403 258	849 209	350	257 150	12.4	75.4	78.3 78.6	62.4	64,5
California	13,312	505	1,749	2,384	4,600	221 2,463	1,611	12.4	73.5	17.5	57.8 62.9	62.1 62.4
Algeks	181	6	19	29	73	29	22	12.5	.6.3	71,5	62.3	67.1
Hawaii.,	493	33	66	57	190	75	61	12.4	66.2	83.9	61.3	62,3

Source: For 1970, U.S. Bureau of the Census, 1976 Census of Population, Vol. I, U.S. Summary, and State parts.



APPENDIX D

STATEWIDE ENROLLMENT BY GRADE LEVEL

10 ACTUAL AND 5 PROJECTED YEARS

YEAR	PREK	KNDG	GR 1	GR 2	GR 3	GR 4	<u>GR 5</u>	GR 6	<u>GR 7</u>	GR 8	GR 9	GR 10	GR 11	GR 12	OTHER	TOTAL
70-71	599	80576	102987	96709	95814	96603	94915	94684	96929	95913	98409	91148	84049	74954	27169	1231458
71-72	622	76969	95901	96065	94521	95169	96120	94847	97705	96425	101509	93788	84662	77405	29145	1230853
72=73	934	76583	88225	88976	93444	92990	93655	95546	97881	97217	100905	95863	86298	77016	35009	1220543
73-74	852	74431	87191	83755	88078	93588	92799	94264	98918	96436	101147	95724	88737	78088	33135	1207143
74-75	888	76184	83655	81091	81387	86658	92080	92090	96125	96714	99654	95679	87633	79466	37496	1186800
75-76	661	80857	84237	78233	78965	80188	85808	91851	95060	94691	100816	95591	89316	79955	37603	1173832
76-77	606	83663	88165	79078	76632	78454	79565	85983	94508	93788	98903	96453	88935	81026	37404	1163163
77-78	560	76953	89568	81666	76973	75485	77086	79292	88537	93335	97491	94659	90133	80405	42716	1144959
78-79	1107	72457	84025	84212	80604	76701	75445	77356	82041	87133	96460	92794	87455	80814	36831	1115435
79-80	1145	70356	79798	78538	82347	79427	75950	74878	79402	80550	90056	90964	85346	78435	36033	1083225
						= ACTU	AL ABOV	E PR	ŌJĖCTED	BELOW	a - -			= -		
80-81	1267	69956	77037	74547	76748	81380	78614	75753	77029	78118	83587	857+	^4255	76991	36704	1057746
81-82	1415	68965	76412	72021	72916	75904.	80627	78476	78042	75861	81119	79689	79589	76099	36697	1033832
82-83	1669	73399	75184	71433	70498	72159	75207	80496	80821	76856	78726	7725 7	73882	71763	36670	1016019
83-84	2041	71656	80015	70235	69914	69719	71480	75039	82914	79568	79673	74920	71585	66549	36672	1001981
84-85	2598	71889	78353	74854	68805	69188	69157	71335	77290	81578	82446	75750	69322	64441	35806	992811

Source: Indiana Department of Public Instruction. Division of Educational Information and Research, Room 225, State House, Indianapolis, Indiana 46204 (29 July 1980).

ALL COUNTIES IN INDIANA

IN ANA POPULATION BY AGE AND SEX

POPULATION RY SEX AND AGE

	1	970	1	975	1	980		985
	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE
AGE				304870	300400	5 A Å E Ž N	3541/6	212310
n - 4	232480	22 32 00	218980	209970	209180	200570	221440	
5 - 9	268760	260270	221620	215230	212180	205760	204240	198030
10 - 14	278960	266940	261740	254250	218760	213090	211280	205440
15 - 19	253130	249110	281340	266240	267990	257260	226700	217860
2ú - 24	195630	219100	252780	748640	281920	267560	270820	260390
25 - 29	171450	174410	162650	201190	214530	231550	240380	250320
30 - 34	144830	148780	165750	171830	158050	200729	209943	231820
35 - 39	136320	143140	149370	147750	173410	173050	16418J	202340
40 - 44	148230	154700	132240	138800	147360	145440	171840	171400
45 - 49	147850	156680	141720	148940	128270	135450	144210	143100
50 - 54	132650	141670	138900	148870	134880	143300	1230RO	131260
55 - 59	118210	125780	122730	134130	130050	142610	127160	138190
60 = 64	98180	109416	105750	117050	111040	126240	118370	134970
65 - 69	74350	92150	84580	100540	92060	109730	97150	117900
70 - 74	55880	76350	58040	80960	66620	89265	72790	97000
75+	74260	120830	77530	140480	81720	158630	90470	178350
TOTAL	2531200	2662500	2575700	2724900	2628000	2729200	2694100	2890700
TOTAL	519	3700	530	0600	542	7300	558	1470C

	1	n 90	1	995	2	200
	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE
<u> AGE</u>) - 4	219840	210790	211430	202690	203310	194910
5 = 9	217260	210600	216670	210000	209110	202660
10 - 14	204470	198770	218300 214280	212180 205300	218390 228800	212270 219320
15 - 19 20 - 24	220400 231920	' 211310 222650	226190	21641G	220370	210570
25 - 29	231460	244536	197250	208340	191450	201510
30 = 34 35 = 39	238230 220450	252770 234790	23:0330 253146	248200 258220	196230 245920	211713 254680
40 - 44	162730	200850	220190	233900	254070	258370
45 - 49	168700	169445 139520	159880 163340	198890 165770	216850 154870	231920 194780
50 - 54 55 - 59	139250 116750	127290	132680	135910	155820	161790
£0 - 64	116270	131380	107220	121420	122200 94630	129960 114450
65 = 69 70 = 74	103920 77040	126540 105550	102410 82550	123540 113530	81510	111010
75+	99790	198560	108020	219720	116570	240940
TOTAL	2768500	2985300	2843900	3074000 7900	2910100 A0A	3150900 1000
TOTAL	2/)	3800	341	1740	Āţiņ	1966

*Indiana Population Projections
State Board of Health
1978 Series -- Prepared by
Division of Research
School of Business
Indiana University

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ERIC CTALS MAY NOT EQUAL SUMS OF COLUMNS DUE TO ROUNDING OF OUTPUT

APPENDIX F-1

TOTAL ENROLLMENT FALL SESSION ALL COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES IN INDIANA 1950 THRU 1979

	l	Underg	raduates		Ungrad	l			Grand
Year	Fresh	Soph	Junior	Senior	Total	Grad	Other*	IV Tech***	Total
1950	12978	10544	9431	9644	42597	7098	8080		57775
1951	13746	10108	8781	8777	41412	7820	10091		59323
1952	18257	10370	8822	8548	45997	8362	5814		60173
1953	20072	11676	8308	7742	47798	8346	5795		61939
1954	21690	13296	9601	7895	52482	8745	4506		65733
1955	23624	15083	10906	9032	58645	9407	4951		73003
1956	24432	15655	12281	10454	62832	G847	5168		77847
1957	24537	16453	12662	11410	650(10654	4974		80690
1958	26253	16984	12883	12314	68434	12184	5905		86523
1959	27069	17483	13095	11964	69611	13582	6 809		90002
1960	30081	18308	13713	12194	74296	14794	8995		98085
1961	33212	21132	14540	1.2585	81469	16276	8430		106175
1962	32172	23495	16410	13618	85695	17739	9678		11. 112
1963	33608	23011	17856	15424	89899	19823	8947		118669
1964	37884	23937	18283	16967	97071	21119	10389		128579
1965	45409	27279	19105	17737	109530	23610	10343		143983
1966	44212	32'780	21558	18350	116900	27430	10655		154985
1967	47582	32362	25314	20311	125569	28892	10938		165399
1968	50720	34579	26223	24437	135959	30269	12011		178239
1969	52782	35707	27715	26127	142331	30059	12124	'	184514
1970	54533	38303	[^] 28189	27300	148325	35159	9634		193118
1971	55820	39741	29956	28494	154011	35634	9336		198981
1972	57413	37470	30362	29524	154769	33456	15517	5877	203742
1973	58439	36755	28724	28721	152639	34108	14845	6455	201592
1974	60545	37000	28273	27569	153387	34547	16832	8146	204766
1975	70276	38581	29468	28050	166375	35526	1-028	11341	220554**
1976	71377	39745	29982	28479	170083	33774	18955	12365	222812
1977	75719	39517	3072 0	28823	174779	33433	19897	16019	2281.09
1978	77826	38554	30387	28809	175576	31777	19618	18946	227001
1979	83593	39162	29913	29518	182186	29372	21067	2041/2	232625

^{*}First professional, unclassified and extension was regraduate figures are included in "other."

SOURCE: Dat. from the Report of Enrollment in Indiana Colleges and Universities prepared annually by N. M. Parkhurst and T. N. Gunderson, Purdue University.



^{**}Grand total includes 1625 not distributed by classification (Calumet College).
***IV TECH included since 1972, as freshmen from 1972 through 1979.

APPENDIX F-2

TOTAL ENROLLMENT FALL SESSION ALL PUBLIC COLLEGES & UNIVERSITIES IN INDIANA 1950 THRU 1979

		Undergraduates				11		Grand
Year	Fresh	Soph	Junior	Senior	Ungrad Total	Grad	Other	
1950	7355	5842	5575	5670	24442	5936	6474	36852
1951	6547	4724	4610	4661	20542	5791	7601	33934
1952	10446	5371	4711	4489	25017	6876	1404	33297
1953	11437	5954	4465	4099	25955	6710	1694	34359
1954	12473	7130	5322	4281	29206	7148	1812	38166
1955	13723	7903	6032	4878	32536	7737	1992	42265
1956	14028	8272	6464	5534	34298	8330	2091	44719
1957	13923	8798	6676	5999	35396	8750	1837	45983
1958	15354	9390	6471	6234	37449	10202	2684	50335
1959	15977	9678	6845	5851	38351	11435	3008	52794
1960	18757	10064	7218	6120	42159	12449	4363	58971
1961	21490	12367	7676	6256	47789	13607	4001	65397
1962	20837	14396	8990	6859	51082	14614	4569	70265
1963	22135	13959	10133	8066	54293	16250	3908	74451
1964	25007	14686	10269	9293	59255	17203	5414	81872
1965	30981	17083	11011	9898	68973	19017	6014	94004
1966	31164	21590	12697	10456	75907	22208	5406	103521
1967	34612	21924	15774	11877	84187	23373	5602	113162
1968	37268	23543	17129	15299	93239	24357	6755	124351
1969	38412	24226	18147	17022	97800	24132	7096	123028
1970	39946	26874	18835	18128	103783	28520	5149	137452
1971	41414	28459	20168	19510	109551	29015	5779	144345
1972**	43971	27115	20911	20447	1121/4	27597	10542	150583
1973**	44.749	26478	19826	19937	ار 1109	28223	10132	149345
1974**	46962	26593	19859	19395	112809	28880	12397	154086
1975**	56187	28037	20701	19885	124710	30217	12185	167212
1976** 1977**	57249	29403	21026	19940	127618	29164	13100	169882
1978**	61226 63429	29413	21521	20412	1329	2824	13102	174898
1979**	68054	28636 28832	21588 21278	20684	13435	27224	13167	174728
13/3/	4,000	20032	212/0	21330	1394	25669	14486	179649

^{*}First prevessional, unclassified and extension undergraduates included in "Other".



^{**}IVIC included as Freshmen beginning in 1972.
SOURCE: Vata from the Report of Enrollment in Indiana Colleges and Universities prepared annually by N. M. Parkhurst and T. N. Gunderson, Purdue University.

APPENDIX F-3

TOTAL ENROLLMENT FALL SESSION ALL PRIVATE COLLEGES & UNIVERSITIES IN INDIANA 1950 THRU 1979

İ	Undergraduates			Ungrad	Į.	[Grand	
Year	Fresh	Soph	Junior	Senior	Total	Grad	Other	Total
1950	5623	4702	3856	3974	18155	1162	1606	20923
1951	7199	5384	4171	4116	20870	2029	2490	25389
1952	7811	4999	4111	4059	20980	1486	4410	26876
1953	8635	5722	3843	3643	21843	1636	4101	27580
1954	9217	6166	4279	3614	23276	1597	2694	27567
1955	9901	7180	4874	4154	26109	1670	2959	30738
1956	10404	7383	5817	4930	28534	1517	3077	33128
1957	10614	7655	5986	5411	29666	1904	3137	34707
1958	10899	7594	6412	6080	30985	1982	3221	36188
1959	11092	7805	6250	4113	31260	2147	3801	37208
1960	11324	8244	6495	74ں	32137	2345	4632	39114
1961	11722	8765	6864	6329	33680	2669	4429	40778
1962	11335	9099	7420	6759	34613	3125	5109	42847
1963	11473	9052	7723	7358	35606	3573	5039	44218
1964	12877	9251	8014	7674	37816	3916	4975	46707
1965	14428	10196	8094	7839	40557	4593	4829	49979
1966	13048	11190	8861	7894	40993	5222	5249	51464
1967	12970	10438	9540	8434	41382	5519	5336	52237
1968	13452	11036	9094	9138	42726	5912	5256	53888
1969	14370	11481	9575	9105	44531	5927	5028	55486
1970	14587	11429	9354	9172	44542	6639	4485	55666
1971	14506	11282	9783	8984	44460	6619	3557	54636
1972	13442	10355	9451	9077	42325	5859	4975	53159
1973	13690	102/7	8898	87.54	41649	5885	4713	52247
1974	13583	10407	8434	8174	40578	5667	4435	50680
1975	14089	i 0544	3767	8165	41565	5309	4843	53342**
1976	14628	10342	8956	8539	4246	4610	5855	52930
1977	14493	10104	8799	8411	41807	4609	6795	53211
1978	14397.	9918	8799	8125	41239	4553	6481	52273
1979	15539	10330	8635	8188	42692	3703	6581	52976,

^{*}First professional, unclassified and extension undergraduates included in "Other."

NOTE: IVTC included as Freshmen beginning in 1972.

SOURCE: Data from the Report of Enrollment in Indiana Colleges and Universities prepared annually by N. M. Parkhurst and T. N. Gunderson, Puraue University.



^{**}Includes 1625 students not distributed by classification.

APPENDIX G-1

DEGREE CREDIT ENROLLMENT OF RESIDENT WOMEN* IN COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES IN INDIANA FALL SESSION--1959-60 THRU 1979-80

	Undergraduates				Total				Grand
<u>Year</u>	Fresh	Soph	Junior	Senior	U-Grad	Other	Prof	Grad	Total
1959-60	9984	6034	4361	3954	24333	3123		3426	30882
1960-61	11669	6566	4756	4047	27038	3473		3778	34289
1961-62	12536	7710	5113	4516	29875	3604		4303	37782
1962-63	12340	8553	5913	4804	31610	3997		4802	40409
1963-64	12712	8434	6650	55 6 0	33356	3931		5649	42936
1964-65	14567	8888	6860	6151	36466	4346		6337	47145
1965-66	178 6 8	10274	7083	6448	41673	4532		7102	53307
1966-67	18290	12745	8194	6692	45921	4752		8782	59455
1967-68	-20027	13129	9870	7 6 39	50665	4823		10264	65752
1968-69	21300	14215	10341	9413	55269	5043		10215	70527
1969-70	22466	14612	11003	10048	58129	5007		10481	73617
1970-71	23519	1 6 202	11381	10845	61047	4404		12873	79224
1971-72	24525	16682	12391	11408	65 0 06	4525	3 36	13017	82884
1972-73	23349	16/19	12438	12105	64011	8131	453	13476	86071
1973-74	26749	16215	12078	1180 0	65842	4730	621	13237	85430
1974-75	27505	16644	12236	1158°	6 7965	5063	756	13677	87461
1975-76	31066	17212	12640	11799	72717	5455	931	14366	93469
1976-77	3362 6	18112.	13218	12105	76971	6167	1067	14545	99336
1977-78	36744	18850	13996	12594	82164	6767	11/8	14702	104811
1978-79	38003	18645	14266	12810	83724	7102	1194	14152	106172
1979-80	41406	19033	14297	13416	88152	8231	1287	13570	111240

^{**} JURCE: Reports / Enrollment in Indiana Colleges and Universities prepared each fall for the Indiana Association of Collegiate Registrars and Admissions Colleges by N. M. Parkhurst and T. N. Gunderson of Purdue University.

NOTE: (1) Indiana Jocational Technical College included beginning in 1972-73 (2) Grand Total for some years include tudents not reported by classification shown.

(3) Students reported by institutions, but not shown by sex, and exclude:



APPENDIX G-2

DEGREE CREDIT ENROLLMENT OF RESIDENT MEN" IN O'LLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES IN INDIANA 1 ALL SESSION--1959-60 THRU 1979-80

Year	Fresh	Jndergr Soph	aduates Junior	Senior	Total U-Grad	Other	Prof	Grad	Grand Total
1959-60	17016	11436	8721	8002	45175	3598		10221	58994
1960-61	18412	11742	8957	8147	47258	5522		11016	63796
1961-62	20676	13422	9427	8069	51594	4826		11973	68393
1962-63	19832	14942	10497	8814	54085	5 6 81		12937	72703
1963-64	20782	14548	11235	9978	56543	4973		14174	75690
1964-65	23317	15049	11423	10816	60605	6043		1478,2	81430
1965-66	27541	17005	12022	11289	6 7857	6332		16487	90676
1966-67	25922	20035	13364	11658	70979	5903		18648	95530
1967-68	27555	19233	15444	12672	74904	6115		21480	102499
1968-69	29235	20172	15850	15018	80275	6957		20054	107286
1969-70	29830	20759	16712	16079	83380	7117		19578	110075
1970-71	31014	22101	16808	16455	86378	5230		22286	113894
1971 - 72	31295	23059	17565	17086	89005	4811	2957	13324	115097
1972-73	28254	21225	17930	7.7423	84832	9535	3854	19036	117257
1973-74	31863	20491	16638	16919	85911	4697	3641	17850	112099
1974-75	33453	20 6 73	16344	16288	86758	5133	3450	17557	112898
1975-76	39210	21369	16828	16251	9 3 658	5372	3730	17986	120746
1976-77	38062	21399	16698	16235	92394	5238	3959	17131	119674
1977-78	39304	20957	16724	16229	9 3 214	4953	4013	16389	118569
1978-79	39823	19909	16121	15999	91852	4977	3933	15376	116138
1979-80	42187	20129	15616	16102	94034	5176	3912	14388	117510

^{*}SOURCE: Reports of Enrollment in Indiana Colleges and Universities prepared each fall for the Indiana Association of Co. Registrars and Admissions Officers by N. M. Parkhwist and T. N. Gunderson of rdue University.

- NOTE: (1) Indiana Vocational Technical College included beginning in 1972-73
 - (2) Grand Total for some years includes students not reported by classification shown.
 - (3) Students reported by institutions, but not shown by sex, are excluded.

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ATTACHMENT 1

LIST OF POSTSECONDARY INSTITUTIONS IN INDIANA

PARTICIPATING IN SURVEY OF NEW ENROLLEES CLASS CF 1979-80

- Acme Institute of Technology
- ▼ Ancilla College *
- □ Anderson College
- Ball State University
- ∨ Bethel College
- ∇ Butler University
- ▽ Calumet College
- Clark College
- □ DePauw University
- ▽ Earlham College
- Elkhart institute of Technology
- ∇ Fort Wayne 3ible College
- ▼ Franklin Coilege
- ∇ Goshen College
- ∇ Grace Theological Sem. & Grace Col.
- ∀ Hanover College
- → Holy Cross Junior College
- ▼ Huntington College
- Ind. Business Col. Indianapolis

Columbus

Lafayette

Marion

Muncie

Richmond

Vincennes

- ▼ Indiana Central University
- □ Indiana Institute of Technology
- International Business College
- Indiana State University--

Terre Haute

Evansville

ITT Technical Institute

Evansville

Fort Wayne

Indianapolis

m Indiana University - Bloomington

East

Fort Wayne

Indianapolis

Kokomo

Northwest

South Bend

Southeast

▲ Indiana Vocational Technical College--

Indianapolis

Columbus

Evansville

Fort Wayne

Gary

Kokomo

Lafayette

Madison

Muncie

North Central

Richmond

Southcentral

Terre Haute

- & LaPorte Business College
- Lockyear College

Evansville

Indianapolis

- √ Manchester College
- ∇ Marian College
- → Marion College
- Martin Center College
- Michiana College of Commerce
- Northwood Institute
- → Oakland City College
- Purdue University West Lafayette

Calumet

Fort Wayne

North Central

¬ Rose-Hulman Institute c l'echnology

- ∇ St. Francis College
- ▽ St. Joseph's College
- ∇ St. Mary-of-the-Woods College
- ∇ St. Mary's College
- ∇ St. Meinrad College
- ▼ Taylor University
- ∇ Tri-State University
- University of Evansville
- University of Notre Dame
- Valparaiso Technical Institute
- ∇ Vəlparaiso University
- Vincennes University
- ▼ Wabash College

Includes all: private colleges and universities; public universities, main & regional campuses; Indiana Vocational Technical College - 13 Regions; proprietary institutions authorized by State to offer college credit programs.

CODE:

- Private colleges & universities
- Public universities
- ▲ Indiana Vocational Technical College
- Proprietary institutions

